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A REPORT TO **BRAIRWOOD (DUNDALK) LTD.**

HYDROGEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENT **PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234** SOUTHEAST OF GREY ROAD 9 AND IDA STREET

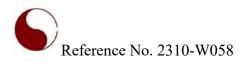
TOWNSHIP OF SOUTHGATE (DUNDALK)

REFERENCE NO. 2310-W158

JANUARY 29, 2025

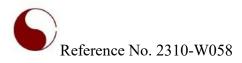
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Issues and Revisions Registry

Modification	Date	Description of issued and/or revision
1 st Draft Report	March 8, 2024	For Review
2 nd Draft Report	January 21, 2025	For updated plans
Final Report	January 29, 2025	For Submission



LMITATIONS OF LIABILITY

This report was prepared by Soil Engineers Ltd. for the account of Briarwood (Dundalk) Ltd., and for review by its designated agents, financial institutions and government agencies, and can be used for development approval purposes by the Township of Southgate and their peer reviewer who may rely on the results of the report. The material in it reflects the judgement of Tarek Agha, EIT., PMP. and Narjes Alijani, M.Sc., P.Geo. Any use which a Third Party makes of this report and/or any reliance on decisions to be made based on it is the responsibility of such Third Parties. Soil Engineers Ltd. accepts no responsibility for damages, if any, suffered by any Third Party as a result of decisions made or actions based on this.

One must understand that the mandate of Soil Engineers Ltd. is to obtain readily available current and past information pertinent to the Subject Site for a Hydrogeological Study only. No other warranty or representation, expressed or implied, as to the accuracy of the information is included or intended by this assessment. Site conditions are not static and this report documents site conditions observed at the time of the Subject Site reconnaissance.

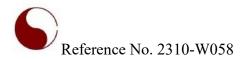
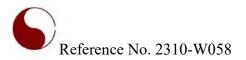
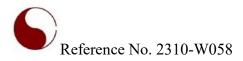


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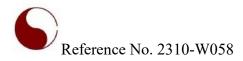
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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Soil Engineers Ltd. (SEL) was retained by Briarwood (Dundalk) Ltd. to conduct a hydrogeological assessment for the parcel of land, legally described as "CON SWTSR PT LOT 234", located at southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street in the Township of Southgate (Dundalk), Ontario (the Subject Site). Considering the provided details, this report will focus on the southwest portion of the Subject Site (the Study Area).

The Subject Site is bounded by few residential houses and primarily open space covered with trees and bushes along with a water body to the north, a local road, Ida Street, and open space covered with trees and bushes along with a water body, to the west, few residential houses, a sewage treatment plant and primarily open space covered with trees and bushes, to the south, and a Grey County CP Rail Trail and open space covered with trees and bushes, to the east.

The Subject Site is primarily weed-covered, with two watercourses and associated wetlands traversing through the property. At the time of investigation, the center portion of the Subject Site was flooded.

A review of the architectural drawings prepared by S&C Architects Inc., dated June 27, 2024, and the Functional Servicing & Grading Plan prepared by Valdor Engineering Inc., dated September 24, 2024, indicate that the proposed development will consist of four (4) residential buildings (buildings A, B, C, and D), with a 1-level underground parking and underground services. Buildings A and C will share an adjoined 1-level underground parking, while buildings B and D will share their own adjoined 1-level underground parking, the proposed development will consist of underground services. Design details regarding the underground services were not available for review at the time of preparing this report. As such, dewatering flow rates were not estimated.

As per an email received from Briarwood Homes, it is understood the development will be constructed in four (4) development phases, in alphabetical sequence from building A to building D, phase 1 being building A and phase 4 being building D. The Functional Servicing & Grading Plan indicate that the Finished Floor Elevation (FFE) of the underground parking is set at El. 510.25 meters above seas level (masl). The base of excavation, footing elevation, and base of elevator pit are considered at El. 509.75, 509.0, and 508.75 masl, respectively, for excavation and construction of the proposed 1-level underground parking structure, for each of the four (4) phases. Additionally, implementing permeable shoring was assumed for the current assessment. However, since the excavation for construction of the proposed underground parking will be completed over four (4) phases, the developed shared sides for each of remaining phases 2 to 4, were considered as impermeable shared excavation walls due to previously developed phases.

The current investigation reviled that:

• The Subject Site is located within an area mapped as Till deposits known as Wentworth Till (5b) and Glaciofluvial deposits (7a). The Wentworth Till, consists of predominantly stone-poor, sandy

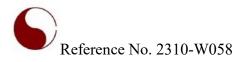
silt to silty sand textured till deposits, whereas Glaciofluvial deposits consists of river deposits and delta topset facies of sandy deposits.

- The Subject Site is located within a regional physiography of Southern Ontario known as Dundalk Till Plains, consisting of drumlinized till plains
- The Subject Site is located within the Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) jurisdictions.
- The highest shallow stabilized groundwater levels elevations were measured at an El. 512.65 masl at BH/MW 1 location, whereas the lowest shallow stabilized groundwater level elevation was measured at an El. 509.51 masl at BH/MW 11 location.

Hydraulic conductivity of 7.90 x 10^{-7} m/sec (geomean of in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing BH/MWs 1, 2, and 4 installed in the Study Area) were considered for sandy silt till.

- Results of Groundwater quality at a selected monitoring well (BH/MW 2) indicates that the concentration for TSS slightly exceeds the Township of Southgate Storm Sewer Use By-Law standards for unfiltered samples. However, it meets the Township of Southgate Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law.
- The assumed bulk excavation elevation for the proposed 1-level underground parking is below the highest recorded groundwater level elevation within the footprints of the proposed Buildings. Hence, groundwater seepage is anticipated in the open excavation for excavation and construction of the proposed basement structure and footing installation. Total anticipated flow rate including flow from storm event will reach to total flow rates of 227,950.0L/day, 194,200.0 L/day, 210,250.0 L/day, and 208,000.0 L/day for phases 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively, considering a safety factor of 1.5, and 32.12 mm rain fall storm event.
- The estimated short-term construction dewatering flow rates are above EASR threshold 50,000 L/day for each of the four (4) development phases. As such, filing EASR with the MECP is required for each of the four (4) development phases, assuming each phase will be constructed separately.
- The estimated long-term foundation drainage flow rate from groundwater source reaches 64,950.0 L/day, 42,150.0 L/day, 59,250.0 L/Day, and 64,200.0 L/day for the proposed phase 1, 2, 3, and 4 developments, respectively, considering a safety factor for 1.5.
- The estimated long-term foundation drainage flow from the groundwater source exceeds the PTTW threshold of 50,000 L/day for development phases 1, 3, and 4. As such, filing PTTW with MECP is required for the phase 1, 3, and 4 developments.
- The conceptual ZOI for dewatering reaches 1112.3 m, 9.8 m, 13.1 m, and 13.1 m away from the dewatering areas for the construction of development phases 1-4, respectively. Potential impacts are as follows:

- There are no existing buildings and roads located within a conceptual ZOI for construction. However, since the proposed development will be constructed over 4 phases, the previously constructed building will be located partially within the conceptual ZoI for the next phase, that should be considered for excavation and construction of each development phase.
- Based on the findings of the dewatering assessment, proposed excavation and construction will be completed below the shallow groundwater table of the Subject Site and the Study Area. Hence, short-term construction dewatering is anticipated for the proposed development. Record review indicates that a wetland and wooded area were identified on the Subject Site and Study Area, and within the conceptual ZOI. As such, impacts to natural heritage features are anticipated pertaining the proposed development. A review of the proposed development plan indicates that the footprint of the proposed buildings A and B will extend into the existing wetland and the wooded lot. As such, it is understood the existing natural features will be partially removed. A monitoring and mitigation plan should be proposed to prevent potential impacts to the nearby natural features during construction.
- A review of the MECP well records confirmed that there are seventeen (17) records for water supply wells that are registered within 500 m of the Subject Site. However, they are not located within the conceptual ZOI for dewatering. As such, potential impacts to the groundwater users are not anticipated.
- Source Water Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (SWIAMP) will be required for the Subject Site, considering location of the Subject Site within Grand River Well Head Protections area 'B', 'C' and 'D' with the score varying between 2 and 6.



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2.0 INTRODUCTION

2.1 Site Location and Project Description

Soil Engineers Ltd. (SEL) was retained by Briarwood (Dundalk) Ltd. to conduct a hydrogeological assessment for the parcel of land, legally described as "CON SWTSR PT LOT 234", located at southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street in the Township of Southgate (Dundalk), Ontario (the Subject Site). Considering the provided details, this report will focus on the southwest portion of the Subject Site (the Study Area).

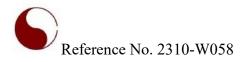
The Subject Site is bounded by few residential houses and primarily open space covered with trees and bushes along with a water body to the north, a local road, Ida Street, and open space covered with trees and bushes along with a water body to the west, few residential houses, a sewage treatment plant and primarily open space covered with trees and bushes to the south; and a Grey County CP Rail Trail and open space covered with trees and bushes to the east. Location of the Subject Site is shown on **Drawing 1**.

The Subject Site is primarily weed-covered, with two (2) watercourses and associated wetlands traversing through the Subject Site. At the time of investigation, the center portion of the Subject Site was flooded.

A review of the architectural drawings prepared by S&C Architects Inc., dated June 27, 2024, and the Functional Servicing & Grading Plan prepared by Valdor Engineering Inc., dated September 24, 2024, indicate that the proposed development will consist of four (4) residential buildings (buildings A, B, C, and D), with a 1-level underground parking and underground services. Buildings A and C will share an adjoined 1-level underground parking, while buildings B and D will share their own adjoined 1-level underground parking, the proposed development will consist of underground services. At the time of preparing this report, design details regarding the underground services were not available for review, as such, dewatering flow rates were not estimated.

2.2 Project Objectives

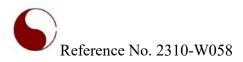
The current hydrogeological assessment report presents regional and local setting of the Subject Site. The findings of the fieldwork, including subsoil investigation, groundwater level monitoring, groundwater quality assessment and hydraulic conductivity testing are presented in the report. Potential needs for short-term dewatering control are assessed, and hydrogeological impacts of the proposed development to the nearby groundwater receptors including water supply wells, natural heritage features, and structures are assessed (if applicable). This report provides mitigation plans on the potential impacts of the proposed development to the groundwater receptors, and structures. Comments and recommendation are provided on any needs for applying for Permit to Take Water (PTTW), or posting Environmental Activity and Sector Registry (EASR) with the Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP).



2.3 Scope of Work

The scope of work for the hydrogeological assessment is summarized below:

- *Background Review:* Available background geological and hydrogeological information for the Subject Site including topographic mapping, surface geological, natural heritage features databases, Township of Southgate official plans, Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) regulated area plans, and MECP water well records were reviewed.
- *Fieldwork:* Fieldwork includes inspecting the Subject Site and surrounding properties with respect to the natural features, groundwater receptors, and structures, as well as installing and developing the monitoring wells. Additionally, groundwater levels within the installed monitoring wells were monitored over three (3) monitoring events, in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing was completed within the installed monitoring wells. Additionally, one (1) set of groundwater samples was collected and submitted to a CALA laboratory to characterize groundwater quality in comparison with the Township of Southgate Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law parameters.
- *Short-Term Dewatering Needs:* Based on a review of the available conceptual plans, findings of the current subsurface investigation, and recommendations provided in the geotechnical investigation report (if available), short-term dewatering flow rate including groundwater seepage, and anticipated water that should be collected over potential storm events was calculated. A mitigation plan was recommended to mitigate potential short-term dewatering impacts to the nearby groundwater receptors (including natural heritage features and water supply wells), and structures, if applicable.
- Long-term foundation Drainage Control Requirement: Based on a review of the available design drawings, findings of the current subsurface investigation, and recommendations provided in the geotechnical investigation report (if available), total long-term foundation drainage flow rate including groundwater seepage, and anticipated flow from infiltration source was estimated.
- *Permit Requirements:* Considering the estimated short-term construction dewatering flow rate, recommendations were provided on any need for applying for a PTTW or posting on the EASR with the MECP, and the Township of Southgate, if required.



3.0 APPLICABLE REGULATIONS AND OFFICIAL PLANS

The regulations and policies relevant to this hydrogeological assessment and the location of the Subject Site within the official plans are summarized below.

3.1 Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) Policies and Regulation (O. Reg. 150/06)

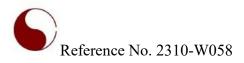
Under Section 28 of the Conservation Authorities Act, local conservation authorities are mandated to protect the health and integrity of the regional greenspace system, and to maintain or improve the hydrological and ecological functions performed by valley and stream corridors. The GRCA, through its regulatory mandate, is responsible for issuing permits under Ontario Regulation (O. Reg.) 150/06, Development, Interference with Wetlands and Alterations to Shorelines and Watercourses for development proposal or Site alteration work to shorelines and watercourses within the regulated areas.

GRCA Regulated Area online mapping was reviewed on January 15, 2025. It is our understanding that majority of the Subject Site is located within a GRCA Regulated Area. As such, it is anticipated that obtaining a permit from the GRCA under O. Reg. 150/06 will be required for the proposed development.

3.2 Clean Water Act

The MECP mandates the protection of existing and future sources of drinking water under the Clean Water Act, 2006 (CWA). Initiatives under the CWA include the delineation of Well Head Protection Areas (WHPAs), significant groundwater recharge areas (SGRAs) and Highly Vulnerable Aquifers (HVAs) as well as the assessment of drinking water quality and quantity threats within Source Protection Regions. Source Protection Plans are developed under the CWA and include the restriction and prohibition of certain types of activities and land uses within WHPAs.

Based on a review of regional-scale source water protection mapping (Source Water Protection Information atlas) provided by the MECP on January 15, 2025, the Subject Site is not located within the areas designated as Well Head Protection Area Q1 and Q2, HVA and an Event Based Area. Records review indicate that the Subject Site is located within Grand River Well Head Protections area 'B', 'C' and 'D' with the score varying between 2 and 6. As such, Source Water Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (SWIAMP) will be required for the Subject Site. SEL will provide SWIAMP letter under separate cover when the necessary details are provided. Moreover, the Subject Site is located within the SGRA and Intake Protection Zone-3.



3.3 Township of Southgate and County of Grey Official Plan

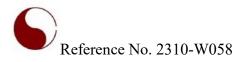
The Township of Southgate and County of Grey Official Plan sets up policies that deal with legislative and administrative concerns, guides physical growth, and addresses social, economic, and environmental concerns. The Official Plan provides land use planning designations and identifies areas of environmental significance where more stringent policies may apply for development applications.

Township of Southgate Official Plan maps were reviewed for the current study with the results summarized as below:

- Map 2 (Dundalk Land Use)-Schedule A- A review of the map, dated May 04, 2022, indicates that the Subject Site is partially located within an area designated as Future Development and the central portion of the Subject Site is located within an area designated as Hazard Land.
- Schedule C (Natural Heritage Features) A review of the map, dated May 04, 2022, indicates that the two (2) stream/river traverse through the Subject Site. Also, a wetland designated as 'Other Wetland' is located within the central portion of the Subject Site. Moreover, an area designated as Significant Woodlands is also located within the eastern limits of the Subject Site.
- Schedule D (Natural Heritage Core and Linkages) A review of the map, dated May 04, 2022, indicates that the Subject Site is not located within Core Area and Linkage (200 m wide).
- Schedule E (Subsurface Features and Wildlife Fires) A review of the map, dated May 04, 2022, indicates that the Subject Site is located within Well Head Protection Zone 'B', 'C' and 'D'.

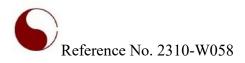
County of Grey Official Plan maps were reviewed for the current study with the results summarized as below:

- Map 2 (Land Use Types)-Schedule A- A review of the map, dated May 01, 2023, indicates that the Subject Site is located within an area designated as Primary Settlement Area and whereas two (2) separate areas designated as Hazard Lands traverse through the Subject Site.
- Schedule C (Natural Heritage System Core Areas and Linkages) A review of the map, dated May 01, 2023, indicates that the Subject Site is not located within Core Area and Linkage (200 m wide).
- Appendix A (Constraint Mapping)- Map 2 A review of the map, dated May 01, 2023, indicates that the Subject Site is located within a Well Head Protection Areas in zone 'B', 'C' and 'D'.
- Appendix B (Constraint Mapping)- Map 2 A review of the map, dated May 01, 2023, indicates that the two (2) stream/river traverse through the Subject Site. Also, a wetland



designated as 'Other Wetland' is located within the central portion of the Subject Site. Moreover, an area designated as Significant Woodlands is also located within the eastern limits of the Subject Site.

• Map 2q (Land Use Types)-Secondary Schedule- A review of the map, dated May 01, 2023, indicates that the Subject Site is located within an area designated as Primary Settlement Area and whereas two (2) separate areas designated as Hazard Lands traversing through the Subject Site.



4.0 METHODOLOGY

4.1 Borehole Advancement and Monitoring Well Installation

Drilling boreholes and construction of monitoring wells were conducted on between October 30 and November 02, 2023. The field program consisted of drilling of eleven (11) boreholes (BH) and the installation of seven (7) monitoring wells (MW), one (1) within each of selected seven (7) boreholes at the time of the borehole drilling. Additional, monitoring wells were proposed within the central portion of the Subject Site. However, the central portion was not accessible due to ponded water. The locations of the boreholes and monitoring wells are shown on **Drawing 2**.

Borehole drilling and monitoring well construction were completed by a licensed water well contractor, under the full-time supervision of a drilling supervisor from SEL. SEL's geotechnical supervisor logged the soil strata encountered during borehole advancement and collected representative soil samples for textural classification. The boreholes were drilled using a track-mounted drill rig equipped with continuous flight, solid-stem augers. Detailed descriptions of the encountered subsoil and groundwater conditions are provided by SEL and presented on the borehole and monitoring well logs, on the enclosed **Appendix A**.

The monitoring wells were constructed using 50-mm diameter Trilock pipes and 3.0 m long 10-slot well screens, which were installed in each of the selected geotechnical boreholes. All seven (7) of the monitoring wells were equipped with monument casing.

The UTM coordinates and ground surface elevations at the monitoring wells' locations, as well as the monitoring well construction details, are presented in **Table 4-1**. The ground surface elevations and horizontal coordinates at the monitoring well locations were determined at the time of the investigation, using a TSC 3 SP 60 (Trimble).

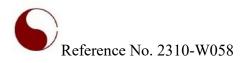
Monitoring	Installation	UTM Coordinates (m)		Ground	Screen	Soil in the Screen	Casing	Protective
Well ID	Date	Easting	Northing	El. (masl)	Interval (mbgs)	Interval	Dia. (mm)	Casing Type
BH/MW 1	October 30, 2023	548522.6	4889671	513.05	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 2	October 30, 2023	548565.8	4889727	512.31	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 4	October 31, 2023	548621	4889681	511.67	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 6	November 01, 2023	548836.1	4890058	511.44	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 8	November 02, 2023	548907.2	4890148	511.96	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 9	October 31, 2023	548826.4	4890004	510.89	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument
BH/MW 11	October 31, 2023	548889.2	4889964	510.41	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	50	Monument

Table 4-1- Monitoring Well Installation Details

Notes:

mbgs metres below ground surface

masl metres above sea level



4.2 MECP Water Well Records Review

MECP Water Well Records (WWRs) were reviewed for the registered wells located at the Subject Site and within 500 m radius of the Subject Site boundaries (Study Area). The water well records indicate that fifty-seven (57) well records are listed within the 500 m zone of influence Study Area relative to the Subject Site. The findings of the MECP well records are summarized in the Section 5.6 of the current report with the details are presented in Appendix B.

4.3 Groundwater Monitoring

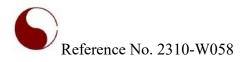
All seven (7) installed monitoring wells were utilized to measure and monitor groundwater levels. Monitoring wells were developed, and the groundwater monitoring program confirmed the stabilized groundwater level beneath the Subject Site. The stabilized groundwater levels were manually measured over three (3) monitoring events on November 20, 2023, December 11, 2023 and January 10, 2024 with the results presented in **Section 7.1**.

4.4 In-Situ Hydraulic Conductivity Test

SEL has conducted in-situ hydraulic conductivity tests (Falling head) at all the BH/MW locations.

The in-situ hydraulic conductivity test (falling head and rising head) provides estimated hydraulic conductivity (K) for subsoil strata at the depths of the well screens. The monitoring wells were developed in advance of the tests. Well development involves the purging and removal of groundwater from each monitoring well to remove remnants of clay, silt and other debris introduced into the monitoring well during construction, and to induce the flow of formation groundwater through the well screens, thereby improving the transmissivity of the subsoil strata formation at the well screen depths.

The in-situ falling head hydraulic conductivity test involves the placement of a slug of known volume into the monitoring well, below the water table, to displace the groundwater level upward. The in-situ rising head hydraulic conductivity test involves removing a volume of water from the monitoring well to displace the groundwater level downward. The rate at which the water level recovers to static conditions (rising head/falling head) is tracked manually using a water level tape and a data logger. Slug tests in the monitoring wells with partially submerged screens may exabit double straight-line effect due to the filter pack drainage. Therefore, the data that represent the filter pack around the screen is eliminated during the interpretation of the slug test. The rate at which the water table recovers to static conditions is used to estimate the K value for the water-bearing strata formation at the well screen depth using the Bouwer and Rice method (1976). The findings for the hydraulic conductivity testing are presented in **Section 7.3** of the current report with the details are presented in **Appendix C**.



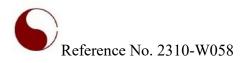
4.5 Groundwater Quality Assessment

Groundwater quality assessment was completed by SEL on January 10, 2024. One (1) set of groundwater samples were collected from one (1) selected monitoring well (BH/MW 2) to characterize its quality for evaluation against Township of Southgate (BL_13_2011) parameters. This is performed to assess whether any anticipated dewatering effluent can be disposed of into the Township of Southgate Storm and Sanitary Sewer system during construction, or following site development for any long-term foundation drainage. Based on the results, recommendations for any pre-treatment for any dewatering/drainage effluent can be developed, if required.

The sample analysis was performed by SGS Canada Inc. and the results of the analysis are discussed in **Section 7.4** of the current report with the details are presented in **Appendix D**.

4.6 Review of Regional Data and Available Reports for the Subject Site

The maps, data, and documents provided by the MECP, Ontario Geological Survey (OGS), Ministry of Natural Resource and Forestry (MNRF) and GRCA were reviewed. Additionally, an issued geotechnical report was reviewed at the time of preparation of the current hydrogeological assessment report, with the findings summarized in Sections 5 and 6.



5.0 REGIONAL AND LOCAL SITE SETTING

5.1 Regional Geology

The current understanding of the surface geological setting of the Subject Site is based on scientific work conducted by the OGS (OGS, 2003). The Subject Site is located within an area mapped as Till deposits known as Wentworth Till (5b) and Glaciofluvial deposits (7a). The Wentworth Till (5b), consists of predominantly stone-poor, sandy silt to silty sand textured till deposits, where as Glaciofluvial deposits (7a) consists of river deposits and delta topset facies of sandy deposits. **Drawing 3** illustrates the mapped surficial geology for the Subject Site and the surrounding area.

The underlying bedrock at the Subject Site is the Guelph Formation, which consists of sandstone, shale, dolostone and siltstone (OGS, 2007). A review of the MECP Well Record (Well Id: 2504173) indicates that the bedrock was contacted at an approximate elevation of 485.5 metres above sea level (masl) in the vicinity of the Subject Site.

5.2 Regional Physiography

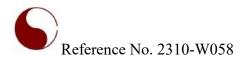
The Subject Site is located within a regional physiography of Southern Ontario known as Dundalk Till Plains. The Dundalk Till Plains in the Subject Site and its vicinity consists of drumlinized till plains. It is a gently rolling, partially drumlinized and fluted surfaces, consisting of a mix of clay, gravel and boulders, covering an area of about 2,395 km² in the counties of Dufferin, Grey and Wellington. Elevations within the till plain ranges from 426 masl to 533 masl. The till plain supports extensive wetland complexes, wet meadows, and agricultural land (Chapman and Putnam, 1984). **Drawing 4** shows the location of the Subject Site within the regional physiography map.

5.3 Regional Topography and Drainage

A review of a regional topography map presented on **Drawing 5** indicates that topography of the Subject Site and surrounding area is generally dropping in elevation towards south. The ground surface elevation ranges approximately between 513.1 masl and 510.4 masl; and between 513.5 masl to 511.7 masl based on ground surface elevations measured at the borehole and monitoring wells' locations located within the Subject Site and the Study Area, respectively.

5.4 Watershed Setting

The Subject Site is located within the Rouge River watershed that falls in the Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) jurisdiction.



5.5 Local Surface Water and Natural Heritage Features

MNRF database was reviewed for any natural heritage features including, watercourses, bodies of water, wetland features, Area of Natural and Scientific Interest (ANSI) and wooded areas. **Drawing 6** shows the location of the Subject Site and Study Area within the surrounding Natural Heritage Features.

Records review indicate that two (2) watercourses traverse through the Subject Site, both flowing in southerly direction. During the site visits ponded water was noted along the watercourses. Record review also indicates that bodies of water scattered in the surrounding areas of the Subject Site, where the closest water body is located partially within the northern limits of the Subject Site (within the Subject Site). Another closest waterbody is located approximately 80.0 m east of the Subject Site.

Records of wooded areas are scattered within and surrounding areas of the Subject Site. Portions of the Subject Site and Study Area are covered under wooded area. Additionally, records of wetland features evaluated as Provincial as per Ontario Westland Evaluation System (OWES) is located approximately 300.0 m east and southeast of the Subject Site. Additionally, records of wetland features, not evaluated as Provincial as per OWES, are mapped within portions of the Subject Site and Study Area.

5.6 Ground Water Resources (MECP Well Records)

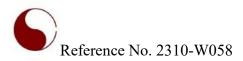
MECP well record database was reviewed for records located within a radius of 500 m from the approximate Site boundary (Study Area). The records indicate that fifty-seven (57) well records are located within the Study Area relative to the Subject Site boundaries. A summary of the final status of the records is presented in **Table 5-1**.

The locations of the well records, based on the UTM coordinates provided by the records, are shown on **Drawing No. 7**. Details of the MECP water well records that were reviewed are provided in **Appendix B**.

Water Use (Final Status)						
Status	Number of Records					
Water Supply	17					
Unknown	16					
Abandoned-Other	12					
Observation Wells	10					
Monitoring and Test Hole	2					

Table 5-1- MECP Well Record Summary

The above summary indicates that there are seventeen (17) water supply wells within the 500 m radius of the Subject Site boundary (Record Nos. 1-14, 21, 45 and 50 on **Drawing 7** and **Appendix B**). However, there are no records of water supply wells in the Subject Site.



5.7 Active Permit to Take Water Application Record Review

MECP website was reviewed for any active PTTW application records within 1.0 km radius of the Subject Site on February 10, 2024. Record review indicates there are two (2) record for active PTTW within the Study Area. Details for each record are summarized in **Table 5-2**.

Item	Permit Holder	Purpose	Maximum L/day	Source Type	Distance from the Subject Site (km)
1	The Corporation of the Township of Southgate	Water Supply	1,180,800	Groundwater	~0.4
2	The Corporation of the Township of Southgate	Water Supply	1,961,280	Groundwater	~0.3

Table 5-2- Active PTTW Record Summary

6.0 SOIL LITHOLOGY AND SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

The investigation has disclosed that beneath a layer of topsoil, the Subject Site is underlain by a stratum of sandy silt till extending to the maximum termination depth of investigated at 6.6 metres below ground surface (mbgs). Information regarding borehole logs is presented in **Appendix A**. The approximate locations of boreholes are shown on **Drawing 2**. Additionally, a sub-surface profile is presented on **Drawing 8**. Based on a review of the geotechnical investigation report prepared by SEL, the stratigraphy beneath the investigated areas of the Subject Site generally consists of the followings:

6.1 Topsoil (All BHs and BH/MWs)

A layer of topsoil having thickness between 18 and 40 cm was contacted at above mentioned locations. The thickness of topsoil may vary beyond the investigated locations.

6.2 Sandy Silt Till (All BHs and BH/MWs)

Native deposits of sandy silt till were identified at all the above-mentioned locations. The till consists of a random mixture of soils; the particle sizes range from clay to gravel with occasional boulders and cobbles, with either the sand or silt fraction exerting the dominant influence on their properties. The till was noted to be weathered in the upper depths. The materials in this layer are generally brown in color. The till is loose to very dense in relative density. The moisture contents for the retrieved subsoil samples ranges from 4 to 21%, indicating dry to wet conditions. The high moisture content was generally encountered in the shallower depths within the weathered till.

The estimated permeability for the sandy silt till unit encountered at BH/MW 2, BH/MW 8 and BH/MW 9 at depth of 3.3, 3.3 and 2.5 mbgs, respectively is about 10^{-5} , 10^{-6} and 10^{-6} cm/sec. Grain size analyses was performed on three (3) subsoil samples, and the gradation is plotted in **Appendix A (Figure 12)**.

7.0 LOCAL HYDROGEOLOGICAL STUDY

7.1 Monitoring Well Development and Groundwater Level Monitoring

The groundwater levels in the monitoring wells were measured, manually on November 20, 2023, December 11, 2023 and January 10, 2024 to record the fluctuation of the shallow groundwater table beneath the Subject Site.

Monitoring wells were developed and groundwater levels were monitored over three (3) monitoring events. SEL measured the groundwater levels using an interface probe (Solinst Interface Metre). A summary of the groundwater level observations and their corresponding elevations are provided in **Table 7-1**.

	**	Groundwater Level					
MW* ID	Unit	November 20, 2023	December 11, 2023	January 10, 2024			
	Mbgs	1.36	0.72	0.40			
BH/MW 1**	Masl	511.69	512.33	512.65			
BH/MW 2**	Mbgs	0.83	0.22	-0.05*			
BH/MW 2**	Masl	511.48	512.09	512.36			
BH/MW 4**	Mbgs	0.83	0.43	0.24			
	Masl	510.84	511.24	511.43			
	Mbgs	1.86	0.79	0.35			
BH/MW 6	Masl	509.58	510.65	511.10			
BH/MW 8	Mbgs	1.66	0.63	0.26			
	Masl	510.30	511.33	511.70			
BH/MW 9	Mbgs	0.56	0.25	0.23			
	Masl	510.33	510.64	510.66			
BH/MW 11	Mbgs	0.90	0.71	0.59			
BH/MW 11	Masl	509.51	509.70	509.82			

Table 7-1- A Summary of Groundwater Monitoring

Notes:

mbgs metres below ground surface

masl metres above sea level

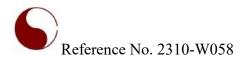
*- groundwater level measured above ground surface

** Located within Study Area

As shown in **Table 7-1**, the highest shallow stabilized groundwater levels elevations were measured at an El. 512.65 masl at BH/MW 1 location, whereas the lowest shallow groundwater levels elevations were measured at an El. 509.51 masl at BH/MW 11 location.

7.2 Shallow Groundwater Flow Pattern

The shallow groundwater flow pattern was prepared using the highest measured groundwater levels within all the installed monitoring wells. Due to the presence of surface water onsite and absence of



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monitoring wells within the flooded area, the groundwater flow pattern for the eastern portion and western portion was interpreted independently. The prepared groundwater flow pattern indicates that the shallow groundwater flows in a southerly direction in both eastern and western portions. **Drawing 9** presents the interpreted shallow groundwater flow pattern.

7.3 Single Well Response Test

All BH/MW underwent a single well response testing (SWRTs) to assess the hydraulic conductivity (K) for saturated shallow aquifer or water bearing unit at the depths of the well screens. The monitoring well was equipped with a digital transducer to record the fluctuation made to complete the SWRT. The results of the SWRT tests are presented in **Appendix C**, with a summary of the findings provided in **Table 7-2**.

Well ID	Ground El. (masl)	Monitoring Well Depth (mbgs)	Screen Interval (mbgs)	Screened Soil Strata	Hydraulic Conductivity (K in m/s)	Test Method
BH/MW 1*	513.05	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	7.63 x 10 ⁻⁷	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 2*	512.31	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	4.45 x 10 ⁻⁶	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 4*	511.67	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	1.45 x 10 ⁻⁷	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 6	511.44	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	1.86 x 10 ⁻⁸	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 8	511.96	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	3.45 x 10 ⁻⁸	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 9	510.89	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	8.75 x 10 ⁻⁸	Falling Head Test
BH/MW 11	510.41	6.1	3.1-6.1	Sandy Silt Till	4.16 x 10 ⁻⁹	Falling Head Test

Table 7-2- A Summary of Falling Head Hydraulic Conductivity Testing

Notes:

mbgs metres below ground surface

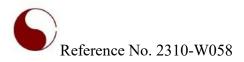
masl metres above sea level

* Located within Study Area

7.4 Groundwater Quality

One (1) set of groundwater samples was collected for analysis from the monitoring well BH/MW 2 on January 10, 2024 by SEL. The samples were submitted for analysis and evaluation against the Township of Southgate combined Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law (BL_13_2011) parameters. Upon sampling, all of the bottles were placed in a cooler for shipment to the analytical laboratory. Sample analysis was performed by SGS Canada Inc., which is accredited by the Canadian Association for Laboratory Accreditation Inc. (CALA). Results of the analysis are provided in **Appendix D**, with a discussion of the findings provided below. The chain of custody number for the submitted samples that underwent analysis is 038147.

The groundwater samples collected, comprised of unfiltered groundwater. As per the protocols for Township of Southgate sewer use analysis, a complete set of unfiltered groundwater samples were



submitted to the laboratory with the results being presented as totals for various analyzed parameters. The results of analysis for the unfiltered groundwater indicate one (1) exceedance when compared and evaluated against the Township of Southgate combined Sanitary and Storm Sewer Use By-Law parameters.

The exceedances for unfiltered samples, together with the combined Sanitary and Storm Sewer use Standards, are presented in **Table 7-4**.

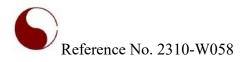
Exceeded Parameter	Groundwater Quality Results (Unfiltered Sample) (mg/L)	Township of Southgate Storm Sewer Use Limits (mg/L)	Township of Southgate Combined Sanitary Sewer Use Limits (mg/L)	Detection Limit (mg/L)
Total Suspended Solids (TSS)	16	15	300	2

Table 7-4- Groundwater (Quality Exceedance Results	(Unfiltered Sample)
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Note: NL-No Limits defined for Sanitary Sewer Use By-Laws

As shown above, the concentration for TSS slightly exceeds the Storm Sewer Use By-Law standards for unfiltered samples. However, the concentration of TSS is below the combined Sanitary Sewer Use By-Law. These results suggest that any short-term construction dewatering, or long-term foundation drainage discharge would not be acceptable for disposal to the Township of Southgate storm sewer without pre-treatment to reduce the concentration of TSS, but should be acceptable for disposal management to the Township of Southgate combined sanitary sewer without any pre-treatment being required.

The final design for any dewatering effluent pre-treatment system is the responsibility of the contractors responsible for construction, or of the water treatment system design specialist, or mechanical engineer, if required, for any long-term foundation drainage system for the completed underground structure.



8.0 DISCHARGE WATER CONTROL

8.1 A review of Proposed Development Plans

The architectural drawings prepared by S&C Architects Inc., dated June 27, 2024, and the Functional Servicing & Grading Plan prepared by Valdor Engineering Inc., dated September 24, 2024 were reviewed for the current assessment. A review of Drawing A-102 and an email received from Briarwood Homes, dated October 31, 2024, indicates that proposed development at the Study Area of the Subject Site (the southern portion) will be completed over four (4) development phases. It is understood the proposed multi-phase development will include the construction of four (4) residential buildings resting on two 1-level underground parking structures adjoined between buildings A and C, and B and D, respectively. Additionally, the proposed development will consist of underground services. Design details regarding the underground services were not available for review at the time of preparing this report. As such, dewatering flow rates were not estimated.

A review of the Parking Plan (drawing number A-102) indicates that combined footprint of the proposed underground parking structure that will be completed over phases has a total area of 15,022.46 m². As such, since the area of the 1-level underground parking has the same dimensions for each of the four (4) development phases, an area of approximately 3,756.0 m² was considered for each proposed development phase.

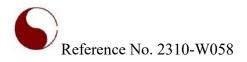
Based on the ground surface elevations of the boreholes drilled at the Subject Site, grading elevation is considered at El. 512.3 masl, 511.7 masl, 513.0 masl, and 513.0 masl for phases 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively.

The Functional Servicing & Grading Plan indicates that the FFE of the proposed underground parking is set at El. 510.25 masl, which is approximately 1.45 to 2.75 m below the existing ground elevation, depending on the development phase. Reviewed set of drawings are partially presented in **Appendix E**.

8.2 A review of Geotechnical Investigation Report

A review of the Geotechnical Investigation report prepared by SEL Ltd. dated December 2024 indicates that:

- The topsoil must be stripped prior to construction. The topsoil can only be reused in landscaped areas and any surplus must be removed off site. The area around the proposed development must be graded and properly prepared prior to the construction of a crane pad. The crane pad must be properly designed to ensure stability.
- Close monitoring of vertical and lateral movement of the shoring wall should be carried out where shoring is considered for the building construction. Additionally, frequent site inspections



be conducted, to ensure that the excavation does not adversely affect the structural stability of the adjacent structures.

- The proposed buildings can be supported by conventional spread and strip footings founded on engineered fill or sound native soils below the frost penetration depth.
- Excavation must comply with Ontario Regulation 213/91 (Construction Projects) under the Occupational Health and Safety Act.

8.3 Construction Dewatering Requirements

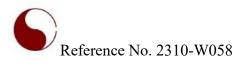
A review of the architectural drawings prepared by S&C Architects Inc., dated June 27, 2024, and the Functional Servicing & Grading Plan prepared by Valdor Engineering Inc., dated September 24, 2024, indicates that the proposed development will consist of four (4) residential buildings (buildings A, B, C, and D), with a 1-level underground parking and underground services. Buildings A and C will share an adjoined 1-level underground parking, while buildings B and D will share their own adjoined 1-level underground parking, the proposed development will consist of underground services. At the time of preparing this report, design details regarding the underground services were not available for review. As such, dewatering flow rates were not estimated.

As per an email received from Briarwood Homes, it is understood the development will be constructed in four (4) phases, in alphabetical sequence from building A to building D, phase 1 being building A and phase 4 being building D. The Functional Servicing & Grading Plan indicates that the Finished Floor Elevation (FFE) of the underground parking is set at El. 510.25 meters above seas level (masl). The base of bulk excavation is considered at El. 509.75 (0.5 m below the proposed lowest FFE) for excavation and construction of the proposed 1-level underground parking structure, for each of the four (4) phases.

Additionally, the deepest base of footing as recommended by geotechnical engineer is assumed 1.25 m below lowest FFE at El. 509.0 masl. Proposed base of the elevator pit is not available for review at the time of preparation of the current report. As such, it is assumed to be constructed approximately 1.5 m below the FFE of the proposed underground parking level 1 at El. 508.75 masl.

As a conservative approach, the highest known groundwater level from the monitoring wells located near each development phase, recorded at 512.36 masl (BH/MW 2), 511.43 masl (BH/MW 4), 512.65 masl (BH/MW 1), and 512.65 masl (BH/MW 1) for phases 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively were considered for the current assessment. The highest groundwater level at phases 1, 2, 3, and 4 is 2.61 m and 3.61 m, 1.68 m and 2.68 m, 2.90 m and 3.90 m, and 2.90 m and 3.90 m above the base of excavation and base of the elevator pit, respectively. As such, groundwater seepage is anticipated during excavation and construction of each development phase.

Shoring design is not available for review at the time of preparation of the current report. As such, permeable shoring was assumed for the current assessment. However, shared excavation walls for the



previously developed phase, were considered impermeable when estimating the groundwater seepage flows for short-term dewatering. The assumptions considered for the dewatering flow rate calculations are summarized in **Table 8-1**.

Proposed Development	Approximate Underground Parking Dimensions (m)	Proposed FFE (masl)	Assumed Base of Excavation (masl)	Assumed Footing El. (masl)	Shallow Groundwater Level (masl)	Assumed Shoring System
Phase 1 (Building A) - 1-Level Underground Parking	111.8 x 33.6	510.25	509.75	509.0	512.30	Permeable Shoring
Phase 2 (Building B) – 1-Level Underground Parking	111.8 x 33.6	510.25	509.75	509.0	511.43	Permeable Shoring and a Side Wall of Developed Phase 1
Phase 3 (Building C) – 1-Level Underground Parking	111.8 x 33.6	510.25	509.75	509.0	512.65	Permeable Shoring and Side Walls of Developed Phase 1
Phase 4 (Building D) – 1-Level Underground Parking	111.8 x 33.6	510.25	509.75	509.0	512.65	Permeable and Side Walls of Developed Phases 2 and 3

Table 8-1- Summary of Proposed and Assumptions for Construction of the Underground Structur

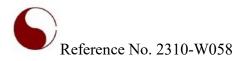
Notes:

mbgs metres below ground surface masl metres above sea level

Hydraulic conductivity of 7.90×10^{-7} m/sec (geomean of in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing BH/MWs 1, 2, and 4) were considered for sandy silt till.

The anticipated groundwater flow rates for short-term dewatering and long-term foundation drainage were estimated using a numerical analysis. Slide 9.025, released October 17, 2022, developed by Rocscience Inc. was used to compute the anticipated flow rates utilizing the Finite Element Modelling (FEM) method. The estimated groundwater flow rates along with reviewed plans (selected drawings) are presented in **Appendix E**.

Anticipated water through storm events should also be considered to estimate short-term dewatering flow rates. Considering the location of the Subject Site IDF curve provided by the Ministry of Transportation (MTO) was reviewed to estimate the anticipated flow during storm event. 32.12 mm storm event (2-year events for a duration of 3 hours) was considered for the current assessment with a summary presented in **Table 8-2**.



Proposed Development	Groundwater Seepage (L/day)	Groundwater Seepage -S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)	Anticipated Flow over Storm Event (L/day)	Total Dewatering Flow Rates-S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)
Phase 1 (Building A) - 1-Level Underground Parking	71,500.0	107,250.0	120,700.0	227,950.0
Phase 2 (Building B) – 1-Level Underground Parking	49,000.0	73,500.0	120,700.0	194,200.0
Phase 3 (Building C) – 1-Level Underground Parking	59,700.0	89,550.0	120,700.0	210,250.0
Phase 4 (Building D) – 1-Level Underground Parking	58,200.0	87,300.0	120,700.0	208,000.0
Total	238,400.0	357,600.0	482,800.0	840,400.0

Table 8-2-Summary of Anticipated Short-Term Dewatering Flow Rates

*S. F: Safety Factor

Additionally, storm water flow considering 100-year storm event for a duration of 12 hours was considered to estimate the maximum storm water that can be collected during the excavation and construction period. The maximum additional flow that can be expected in the occurrence of a 100-year could reach up to approximately 405,700.0 L/day during construction of each development phase.

The above estimated short-term dewatering flow rates, does not consider the potential impact of the drainage system for the previously developed phases.

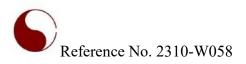
8.4 Long-Term Foundation Drainage

Groundwater seepage and infiltration flow due to storm event should be collected for the postconstruction underground parking structure. As such, a foundation drainage system should be designed to collect the anticipated flow. Proposed FFE for the underground parking level 1, and base of the drainage layer were considered at El. 510.25 and 509.75 masl, respectively, for each development phase. The highest groundwater levels were considered at 512.36 masl, 511.43 masl, 512.65 masl, and 512.65 masl for Phases 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively.

Anticipated flow considering 32.12 mm storm event (2-year events for a duration of 3 hours) was considered to estimate the total anticipated long-term foundation drainage flow rate. Summary of the estimated flow rates is presented in **Table 8-3**.

Proposed Development	Groundwater Seepage (L/day)	Groundwater Seepage -S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)		Total Foundation Drainage Flow Rates-S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)
Phase 1 (Building A) - 1-Level Underground Parking	43,300.0	64,950.0	3,900.0	68,850.0

 Table 8-3 Summary of Anticipated Long-Term Foundation Drainage Flow Rates



Proposed Development	Groundwater Seepage (L/day)	Groundwater Seepage -S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)	Anticipated Flow through Infiltration (L/day)	Total Foundation Drainage Flow Rates-S.F.* 1.5 (L/day)
Phase 2 (Building B) – 1-Level Underground Parking	28,100.0	42,150.0	3,900.0	46,050.0
Phase 3 (Building C) – 1-Level Underground Parking	39,500.0	59,250.0	3,900.0	63,150.0
Phase 4 (Building D) – 1-Level Underground Parking	42,800.0	64,200.0	3,900.0	68,100.0
Total	153,700.0	230,550.0	15,600.0	246,150.0

*S. F: Safety Factor

The above estimated flow rate does not include potential long-term flow for elevator pit, sump pit or any other localized structures that may extend below the drainage layer, assuming the above noted structures will be waterproofed for post-development structure.

As previously mentioned, the proposed excavation and construction will be completed over 4 development phases. Each shared wall for the proposed phases 1 to 4 is excluded from the anticipated seepage calculation through infiltration to estimate long-term foundation drainage flow rate. However, since SEL is not aware of the timeline for each construction phase, additional flow from infiltration source is expected from the proposed shared walls that will be constructed later.

8.5 Permit Requirements

Short-Term Construction Dewatering: Water takings of more than 50,000 L/day but less than 400,000 L/day is to be registered on EASR, while water takings of more than 400,000 L/day require a PTTW issued by the MECP. If it is identified that an EASR or PTTW is required for the Subject Site, a hydrogeological assessment report will need to be submitted in support of the application. The estimated short-term construction dewatering flow rate for construction of the proposed underground parking for phases 1, 2, 3, and 4 reach 227,950.0L/day, 194,200.0 L/day, 210,250.0 L/day, and 208,000.0 L/day, respectively. However, as per the MECP's document titled "Streamlining Permissions for Low-Risk Short-Term Water Taking Activities" dated June 2021, if the groundwater seepage is between 50,000 L/day and 400,000 L/day, the water taking limit only applies to groundwater. As such, since the groundwater seepage for the proposed phases 1-4 developments reach 107,250.0 L/day, 73,500.0 L/day, 89,550.0 L/day, and 87,300.0 L/day which is above the MECP EASR threshold limit of 50,000 L/day. As such, filing an EASR with the MECP is required for each of the four (4) development phases, assuming each phase will be constructed separately. Additionally, obtaining discharge agreement from the Township of Southgate is required if short-term dewatering effluent is proposed to be conveyed to the Town's sewer system.

• Long-Term Foundation Drainage: If the estimated long-term foundation drainage flow from groundwater source exceeds MECP PTTW threshold limit of 50,000 L/day, applying for PTTW with MECP is required. The estimated long-term foundation drainage flow rate from groundwater source reaches 64,950.0 L/day, 42,150.0 L/day, 59,250.0 L/Day, and 64,200.0 L/day for the proposed phase 1, 2, 3, and 4 developments, respectively. As such, filing PTTW with MECP is required for the phase 1, 3, and 4 developments. Additionally, obtaining discharge agreement from the Township of Southgate is required if long-term foundation drainage effluent is proposed to be conveyed to the Town's sewer system.

8.6 Zone of Influence (ZOI) Groundwater

The conceptual Zone of Influence (ZOI) for dewatering, also known as Radius of Influence (R_0), was calculated based on the anticipated maximum drawdown required and the highest hydraulic conductivity recorded at the Subject Site using Sichardt's relationship.

Equation: $R_0 = 3000^* dH^* K^{0.5}$

WhereR₀: Zone of Influence for dewatering
dH: the drawdown (m) (4.61 m, 3.68 m, 4.90 m, and 4.90 m for phase 1-4, respectively)
K: the hydraulic conductivity (m/s) (7.9 x 10⁷ msec)

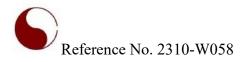
Using the above equation, the conceptual ZOI could reach to 12.3 m, 9.8 m, 13.1 m, and 13.1 m away from the excavation and dewatering area of phases 1, 2, 3, and 4, respectively.

8.7 Potential Dewatering Impacts and Mitigation Plan

8.7.1 Short-Term Discharge Water Quality

The dewatering system must be appropriately filtered in order to prevent the pumping of fines and loss of ground during the dewatering activities.

A review of the groundwater quality test results suggests groundwater quality slightly exceeds for TSS compared to the Township of Southgate Storm Sewer Use By-Law standards for unfiltered samples. However, the concentration of TSS is below the Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law. These results suggest that any short-term construction dewatering, or long-term foundation drainage discharge would not be acceptable for disposal to the Township of Southgate storm sewer without pre-treatment to reduce the concentration of TSS, but should be acceptable for disposal management to the Township of Southgate combined sanitary sewer without any significant pre-treatment being required.



The final design for any temporary construction dewatering or long-term effluent pre-treatment system is the responsibility of contractors responsible for construction, or the water treatment system design specialists, if required.

8.7.2 Ground Settlement

The conceptual ZOI for dewatering reaches 12.3 m, 9.8 m, 13.1 m, and 13.1 m away from the dewatering areas for the construction of development phases 1-4, respectively. There are no existing buildings and roads located within a conceptual ZOI for construction. However, since the proposed development will be constructed over 4 phases, the previously constructed building will be located partially within the conceptual ZoI for the next phase, that should be considered for excavation and construction of each development phase. **Drawing 10** presents the conceptual ZoI and the proposed buildings footprint.

8.7.3 Surface Water, Wetlands and Areas of Natural Significance

Based on the findings of the dewatering assessment, proposed excavation and construction will be completed below the shallow groundwater table of the Study Area of the Subject Site. Hence, short-term construction dewatering is anticipated for the proposed development. Record review indicates that a wetland and wooded area were identified on the Subject Site and the Study Area, and within the conceptual ZOI. As such, impacts to natural heritage features are anticipated pertaining the proposed development. A review of the proposed development plan indicates that the footprint of the proposed buildings A and B will extend into the existing wetland and the wooded lot. As such, it is understood the existing natural features will be partially removed. A monitoring and mitigation plan should be proposed to prevent potential impacts to the nearby natural features during construction. The extent of the ZOI for each proposed phase is presented on **Drawing 10**.

8.7.4 Water Supply Wells and Zone of Influence

A review of the MECP well records confirmed that there are seventeen (17) records for water supply wells that are registered within 500 m of the Subject Site. However, they are not located within the conceptual ZOI for dewatering. As such, potential impacts to the groundwater users are not anticipated.

Given that the Subject Site is located within Grand River Well Head Protections area 'B', 'C' and 'D' with the score varying between 2 and 6. As such, Source Water Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (SWIAMP) will be required for the Subject Site. SEL will provide SWIAMP letter under separate cover when the necessary details are provided.

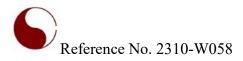
9.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

- The Subject Site is located within an area mapped as Till deposits known as Wentworth Till (5b) and Glaciofluvial deposits (7a). The Wentworth Till, consists of predominantly stone-poor, sandy silt to silty sand textured till deposits, whereas Glaciofluvial deposits consists of river deposits and delta topset facies of sandy deposits.
- The Subject Site is located within a regional physiography of Southern Ontario known as Dundalk Till Plains, consisting of drumlinized till plains
- The Subject Site is located within the Grand River Conservation Authority (GRCA) jurisdictions.
- The highest shallow stabilized groundwater levels elevations were measured at an El. 512.65 masl at BH/MW 1 location, whereas the lowest shallow stabilized groundwater level elevation was measured at an El. 509.51 masl at BH/MW 11 location.

Hydraulic conductivity of 7.90 x 10^{-7} m/sec (geomean of in-situ hydraulic conductivity testing BH/MWs 1, 2, and 4 installed within the Study Area) were considered for sandy silt till.

- Results of Groundwater quality at a selected monitoring well (BH/MW 2) indicates that the concentration for TSS slightly exceeds the Township of Southgate Storm Sewer Use By-Law standards for unfiltered samples. However, it meets the Township of Southgate Sanitary and Combined Sewer Use By-Law.
- The assumed bulk excavation elevation for the proposed 1-level underground parking is below the highest recorded groundwater level elevation within the footprints of the proposed Buildings. Hence, groundwater seepage is anticipated in the open excavation for excavation and construction of the proposed basement structure and footing installation. Total anticipated flow rate including flow from groundwater source with a safety factor of 1.5 and storm event will reach to total flow rates of 227,950.0L/day, 194,200.0 L/day, 210,250.0 L/day, and 208,000.0 L/day for phases 1, 2, 3, and 4 development, respectively, considering a safety factor of 1.5, and 32.12-mm rain fall storm event.
- The estimated short-term construction dewatering flow rates are above EASR threshold 50,000 L/day for each of the four (4) development phases. As such, filing EASR with the MECP is required for each of the four (4) development phases, assuming each phase will be constructed separately.
- The estimated long-term foundation drainage flow rate from groundwater source reaches 64,950.0 L/day, 42,150.0 L/day, 59,250.0 L/Day, and 64,200.0 L/day for the proposed phase 1, 2, 3, and 4 developments, respectively, considering a safety factor for 1.5.

- The estimated long-term foundation drainage flow from the groundwater source exceeds the PTTW threshold of 50,000 L/day for development phases 1, 3, and 4. As such, filing PTTW with MECP is required for the phase 1, 3, and 4 developments.
- The conceptual ZOI for dewatering reaches 1112.3 m, 9.8 m, 13.1 m, and 13.1 m away from the dewatering areas for the construction of development phases 1-4, respectively. Potential impacts are as follows:
 - There are no existing buildings and roads located within a conceptual ZOI for construction. However, since the proposed development will be constructed over 4 phases, the previously constructed building will be located partially within the conceptual ZoI for the next phase, that should be considered for excavation and construction of each development phase.
 - Based on the findings of the dewatering assessment, proposed excavation and construction will be completed below the shallow groundwater table of the Subject Site and the Study Area. Hence, short-term construction dewatering is anticipated for the proposed development. Record review indicates that a wetland and wooded area were identified on the Subject Site and Study Area, and within the conceptual ZOI. As such, impacts to natural heritage features are anticipated pertaining the proposed development. A review of the proposed development plan indicates that the footprint of the proposed buildings A and B will extend into the existing wetland and the wooded lot. As such, it is understood the existing natural features will be partially removed. A monitoring and mitigation plan should be proposed to prevent potential impacts to the nearby natural features during construction.
 - A review of the MECP well records confirmed that there are seventeen (17) records for water supply wells that are registered within 500 m of the Subject Site. However, they are not located within the conceptual ZOI for dewatering. As such, potential impacts to the groundwater users are not anticipated.
 - Source Water Impact Assessment and Mitigation Plan (SWIAMP) will be required for the Subject Site, considering location of the Subject Site within Grand River Well Head Protections area 'B', 'C' and 'D' with the score varying between 2 and 6.



10.0 CLOSURE

We trust that the above-noted information is suitable for your review. If you have any questions regarding this information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Yours truly, **SOIL ENGINEERS LTD.**

For

Tarek Agha, EIT., PMP. Project Manager -Hydrogeological Services

Nai



Narjes Alijani, M.Sc., P.Geo. Department Manager-Hydrogeological Services

11.0 REFERENCES

- 1. Chapman, L.J. and D.F. Putnam, 1984. The Physiography of Southern Ontario. Ontario.
- 2. Township of Southgate and County of Grey Official Plan, 2022, Official Plans.
- 3. County of Grey Official Plan, 2023, Official Plans.
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- 5. Geological Survey. Ontario Geological Survey (OGS), 2003. Surficial Geology of Southern Ontario. Miscellaneous Release Data 128 revised.
- Geological Survey. Ontario Geological Survey (OGS), 2007. Bedrock Geology of Ontario. Miscellaneous Release – MRD 219.
- 7. Ministry of the Environment, Conservation and Parks, 2024, Source Protection Information Atlas Interactive Map.
- 8. Ministry of Natural Recourses and Forestry, 2024. Natural Heritage Interactive Map.
- 9. Grand River Conservation Authority, 2023, Online Regulated Area Map.



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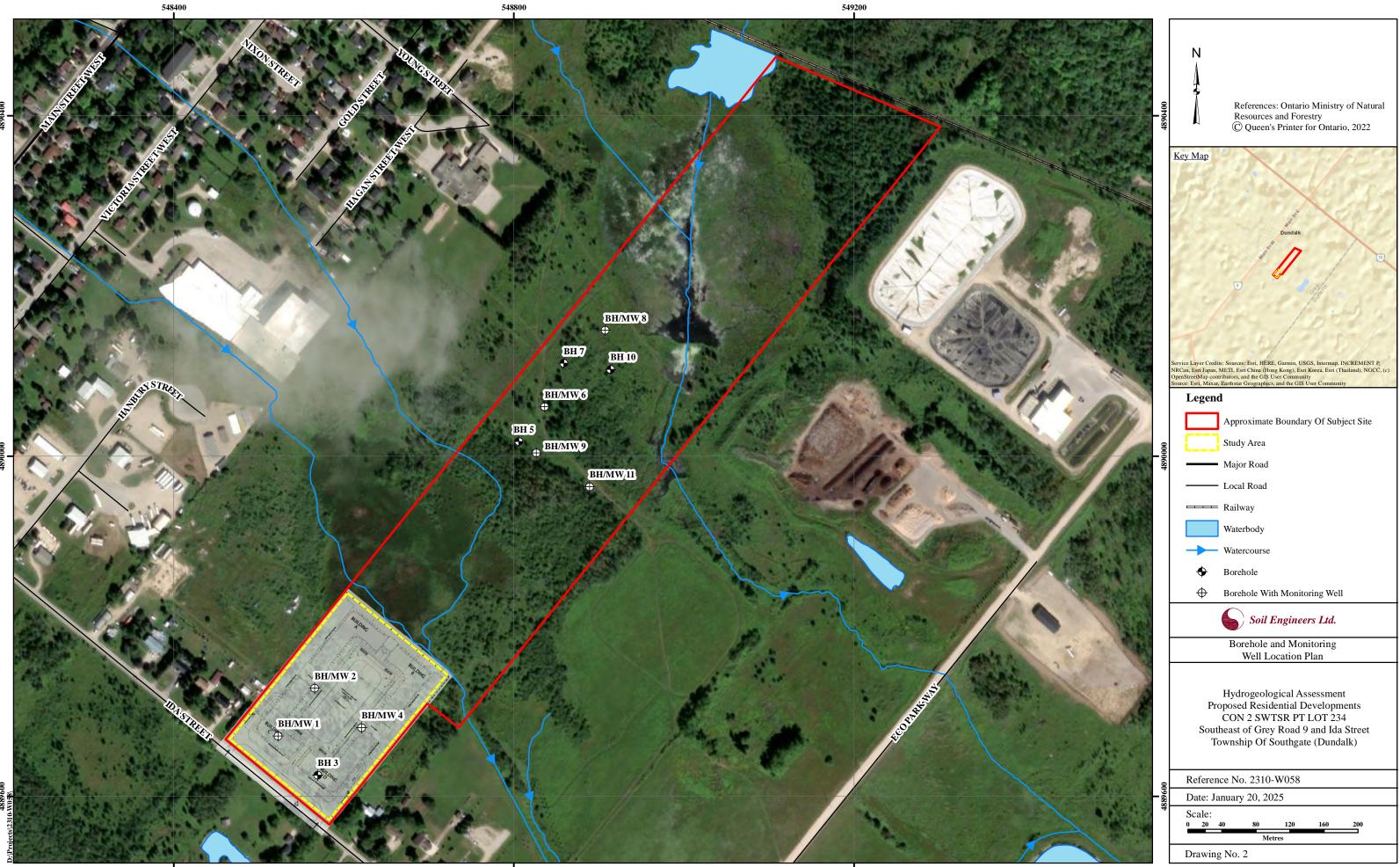
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DRAWINGS 1-10

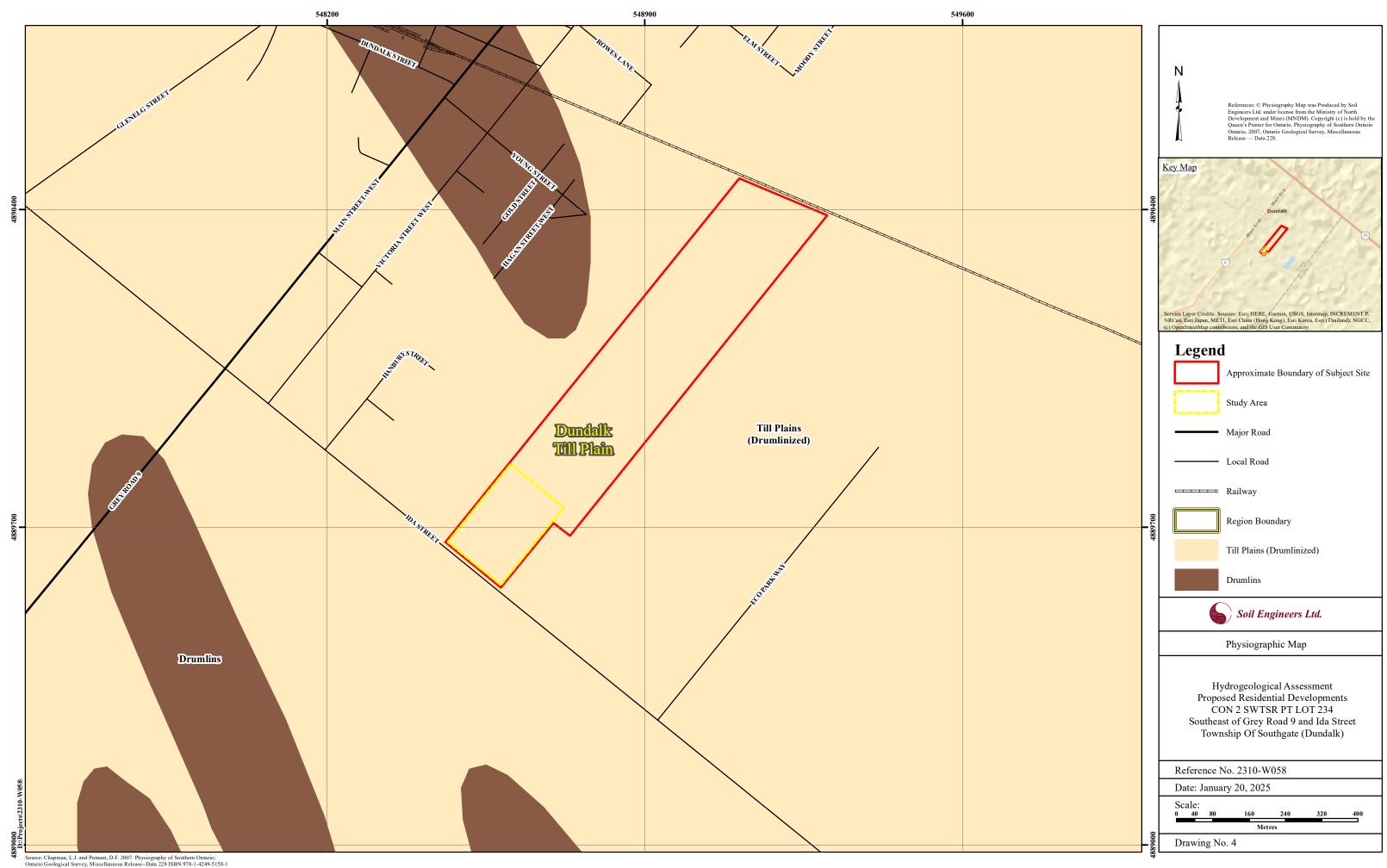
REFERNCE NO. 2310-W058

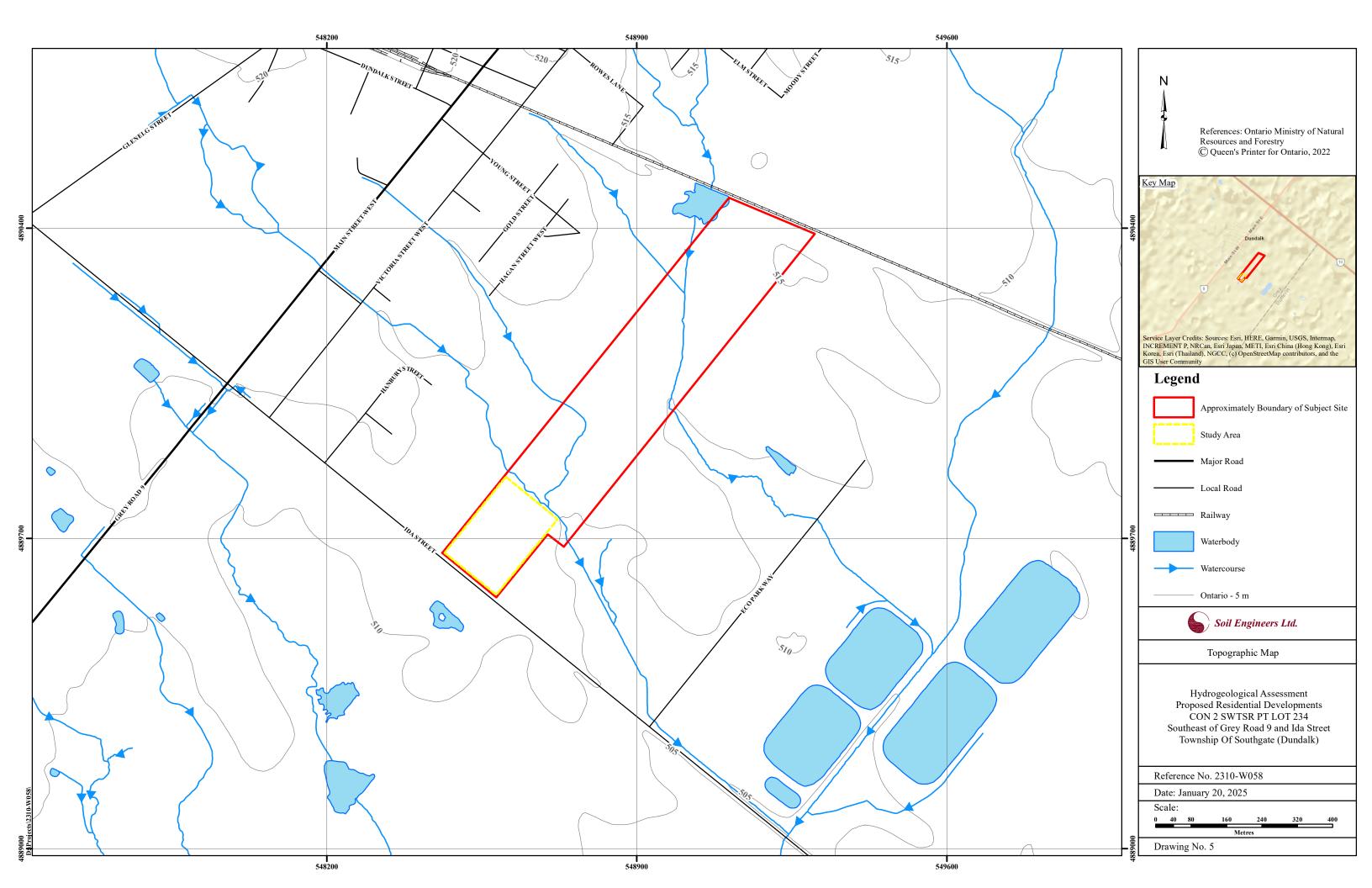


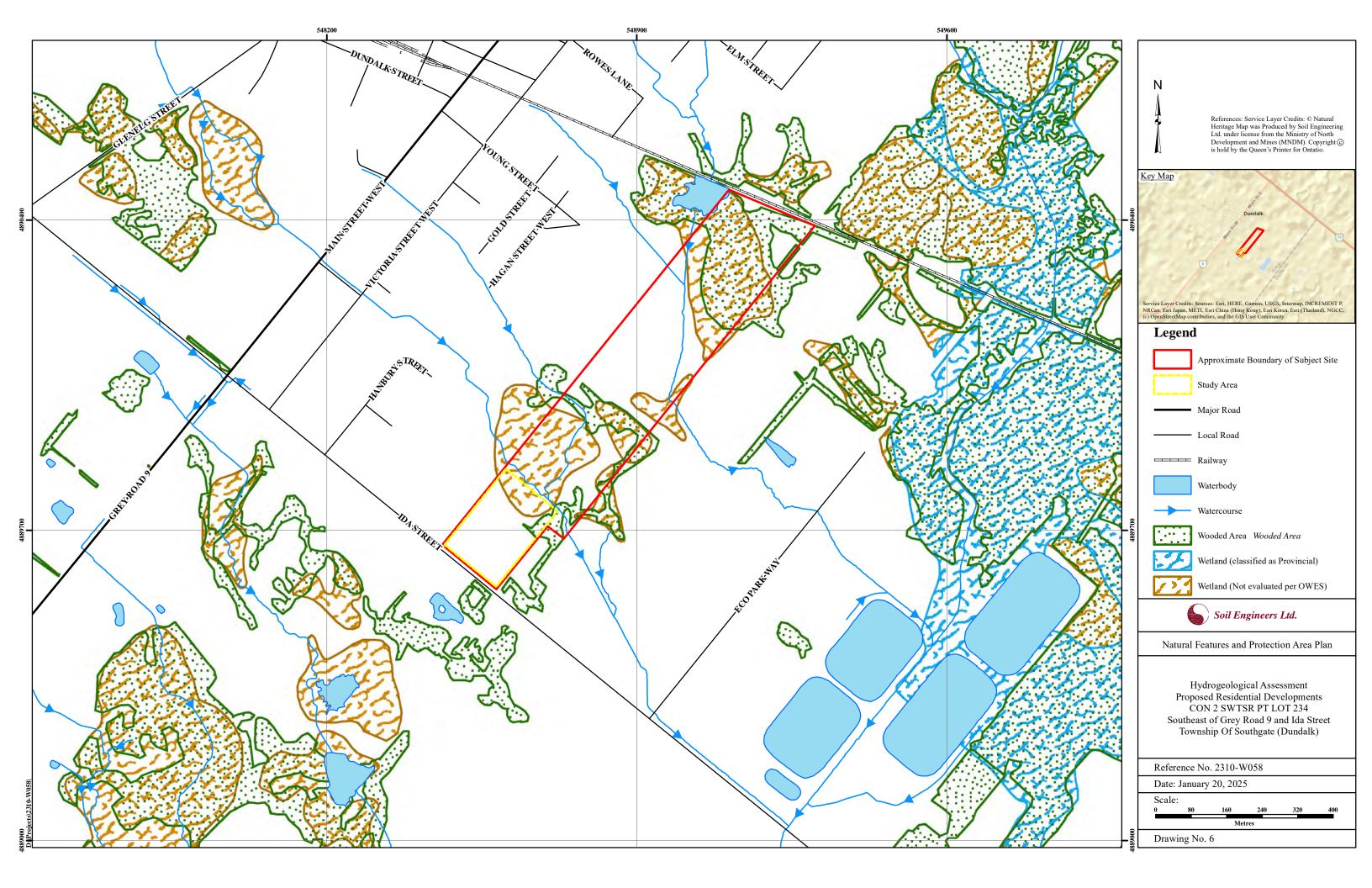


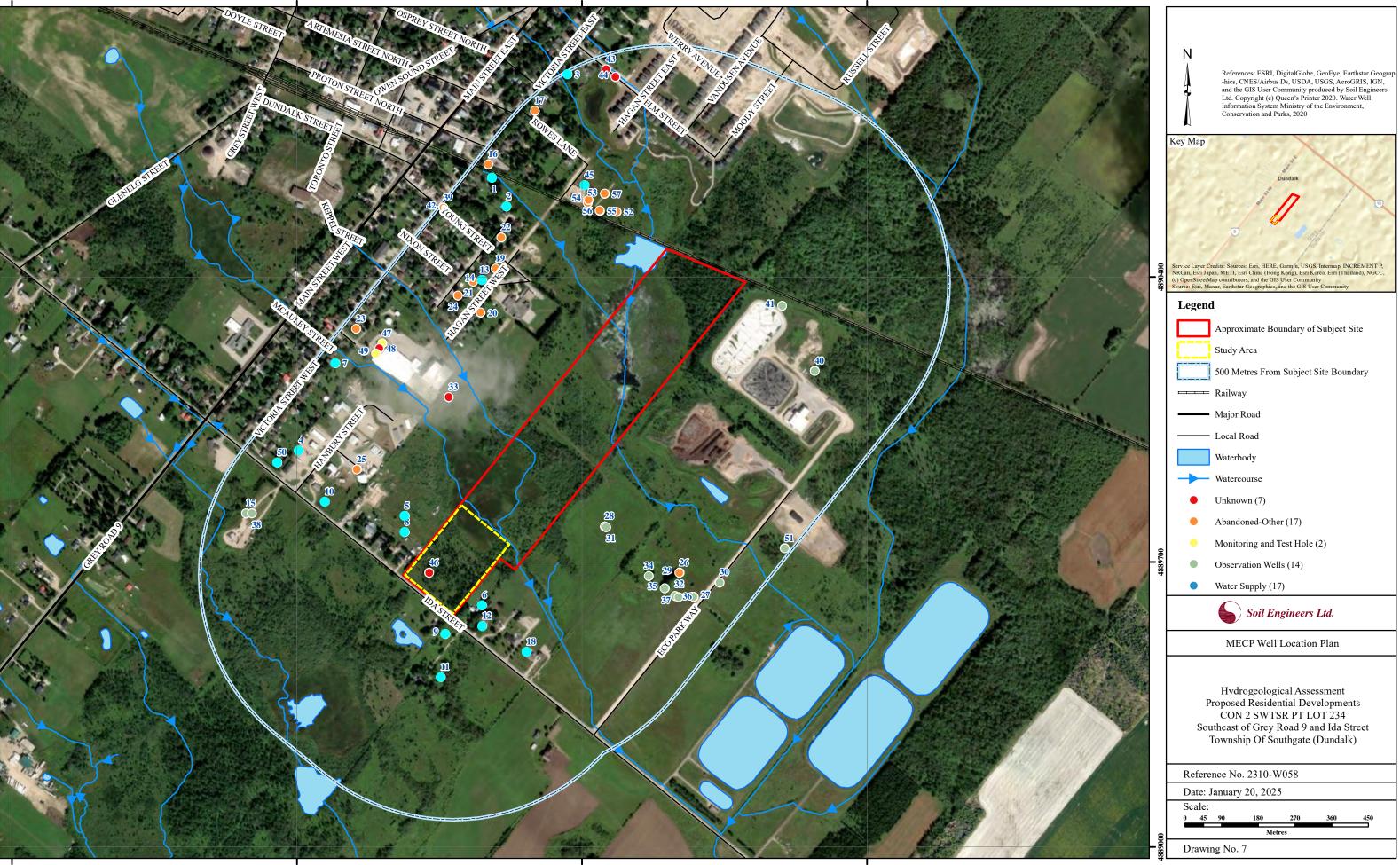


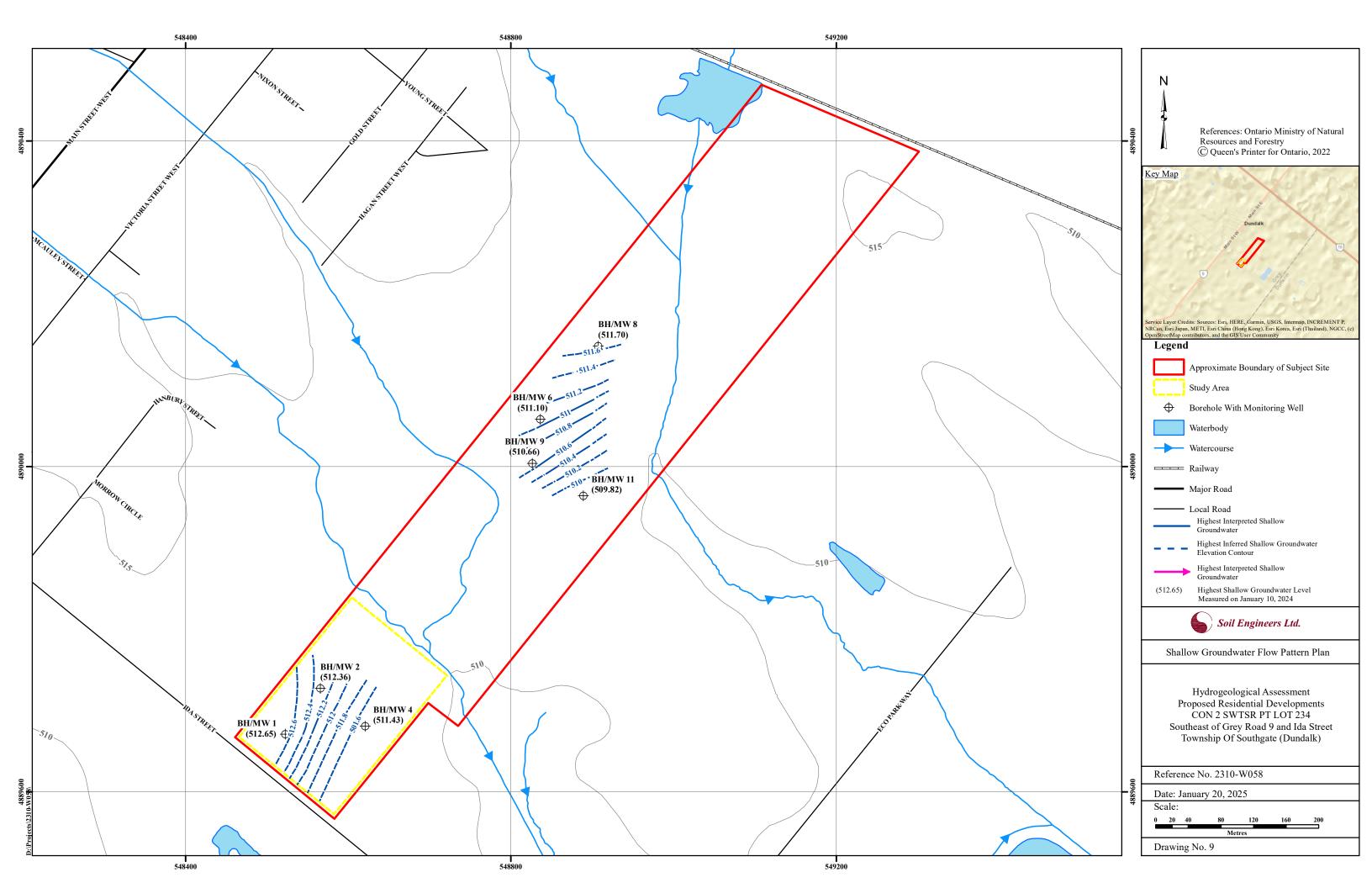
ce: Ontario Geological Survey, 1997, Miscellaneous Release---Data 0014 © Queen's Printer for Ontario, 2022

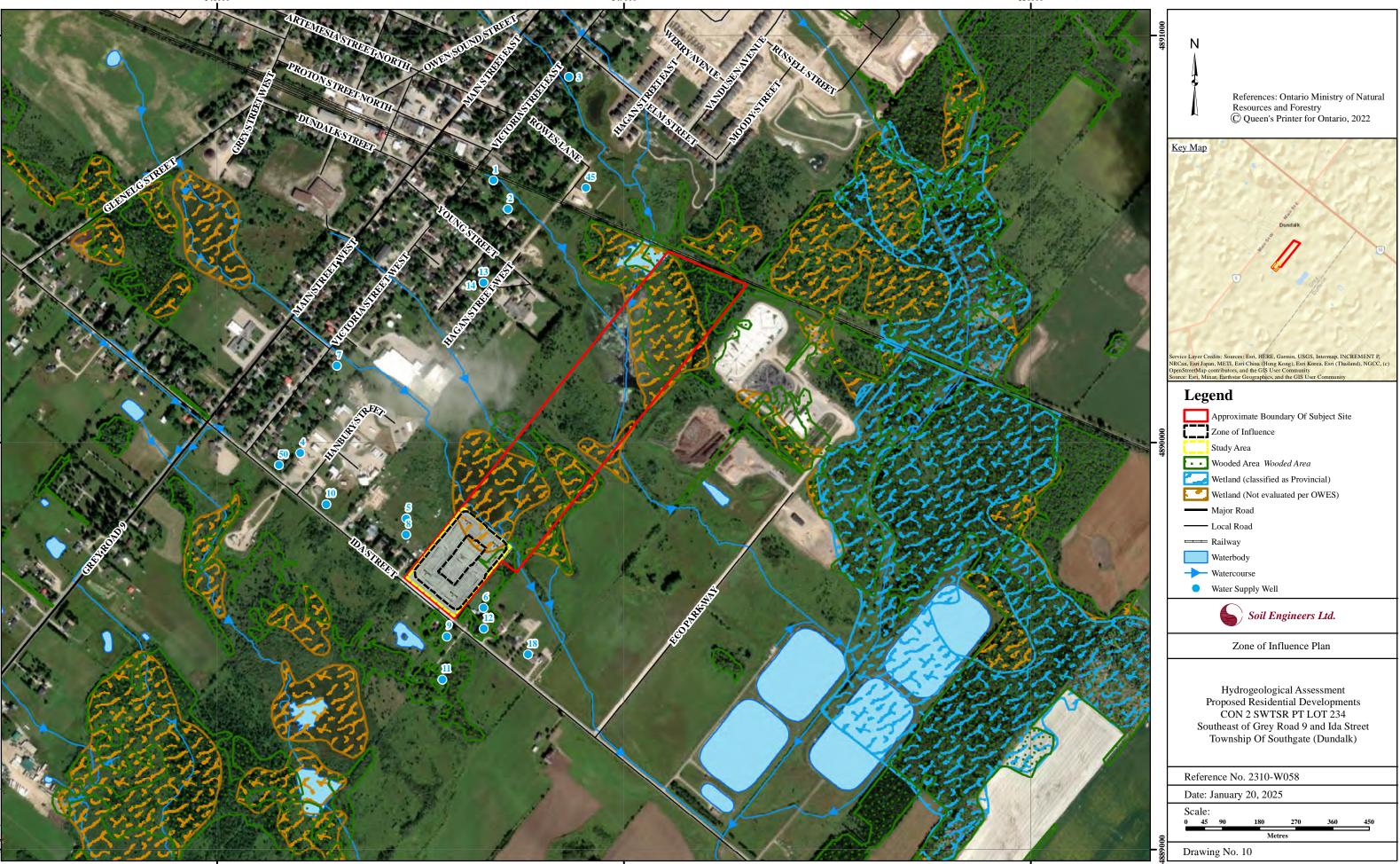


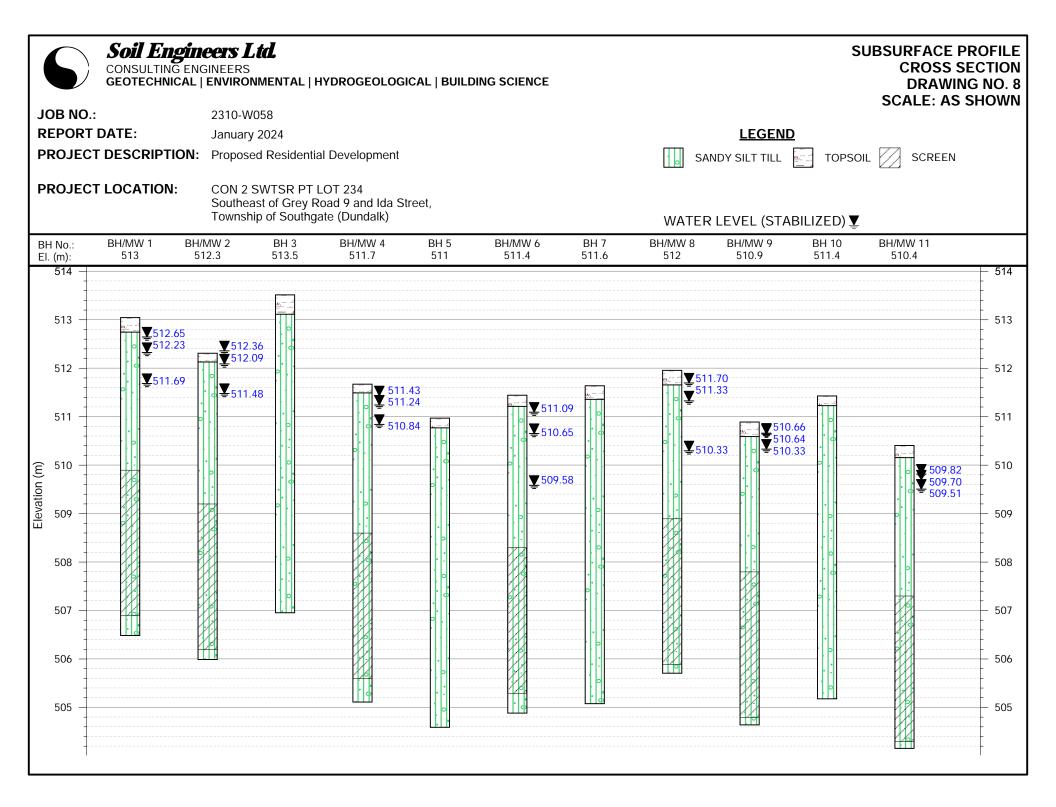














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APPENDIX 'A'

BOREHOLE AND MONITORING WELL LOGS AND GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION GRAPHS

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS AND DESCRIPTION OF TERMS

The abbreviations and terms commonly employed on the borehole logs and figures, and in the text of the report, are as follows:

SAMPLE TYPES

- AS Auger sample
- CS Chunk sample
- DO Drive open (split spoon)
- DS Denison type sample
- FS Foil sample
- RC Rock core (with size and percentage recovery)
- ST Slotted tube
- TO Thin-walled, open
- TP Thin-walled, piston
- WS Wash sample

PENETRATION RESISTANCE

Dynamic Cone Penetration Resistance:

A continuous profile showing the number of blows for each foot of penetration of a 2-inch diameter, 90° point cone driven by a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches. Plotted as '—•—'

Standard Penetration Resistance or 'N' Value:

The number of blows of a 140-pound hammer falling 30 inches required to advance a 2-inch O.D. drive open sampler one foot into undisturbed soil. Plotted as ' Ω '

- WH Sampler advanced by static weight
- PH Sampler advanced by hydraulic pressure
- PM Sampler advanced by manual pressure
- NP No penetration

SOIL DESCRIPTION

Cohesionless Soils:

<u>'N' (blows/ft)</u>			Relative Density
0	to	4	very loose
4	to	10	loose
10	to	30	compact
30	to	50	dense
0	ver	50	very dense

Cohesive Soils:

Undrained	l Shear				
Strength (<u>'N' (</u>	blov	vs/ft)	<u>Consistency</u>	
less than	0.25	0	to	2	very soft
0.25 to	0.50	2	to	4	soft
0.50 to	1.0	4	to	8	firm
1.0 to	2.0	8	to	16	stiff
2.0 to	4.0	16	to	32	very stiff
over	4.0	0	ver	32	hard

Method of Determination of Undrained Shear Strength of Cohesive Soils:

- x 0.0 Field vane test in borehole; the number denotes the sensitivity to remoulding
- \triangle Laboratory vane test
- □ Compression test in laboratory

For a saturated cohesive soil, the undrained shear strength is taken as one half of the undrained compressive strength

METRIC CONVERSION FACTORS

1 ft = 0.3048 metres11b = 0.454 kg 1 inch = 25.4 mm1 ksf = 47.88 kPa



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LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 1

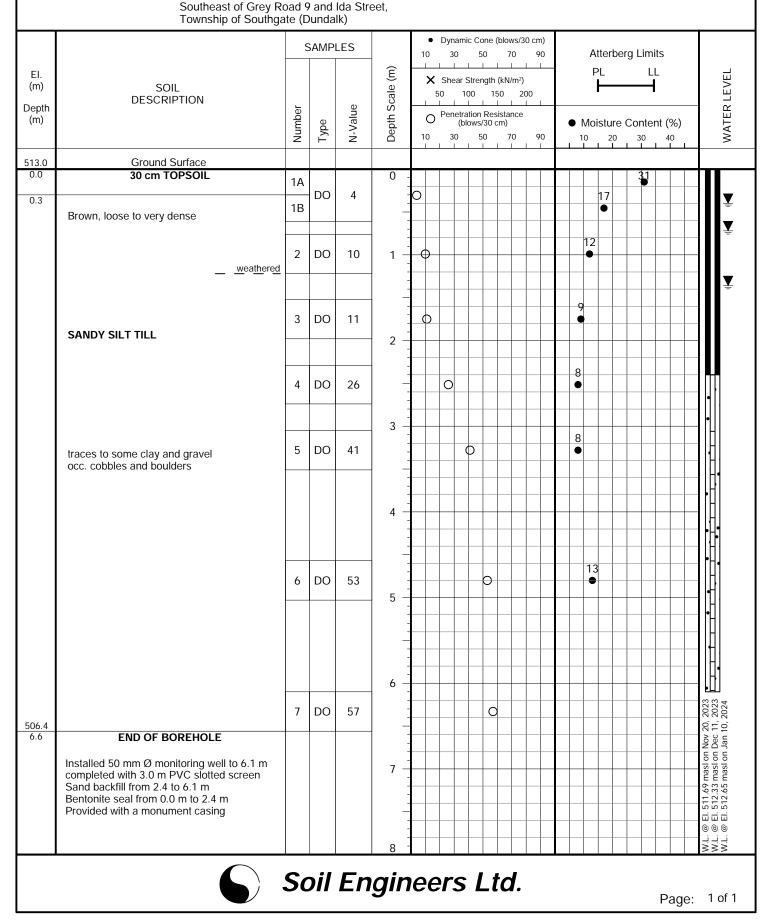
FIGURE NO.: 1

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

DRILLING DATE: October 30, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 2

2 FIGURE NO .:

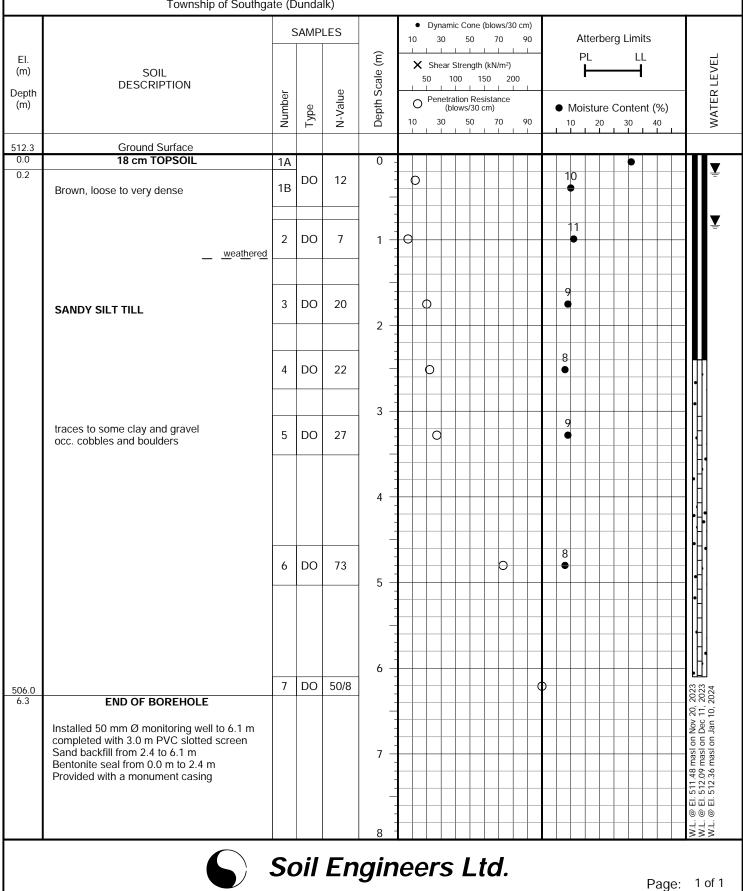
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE: October 30, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH 3

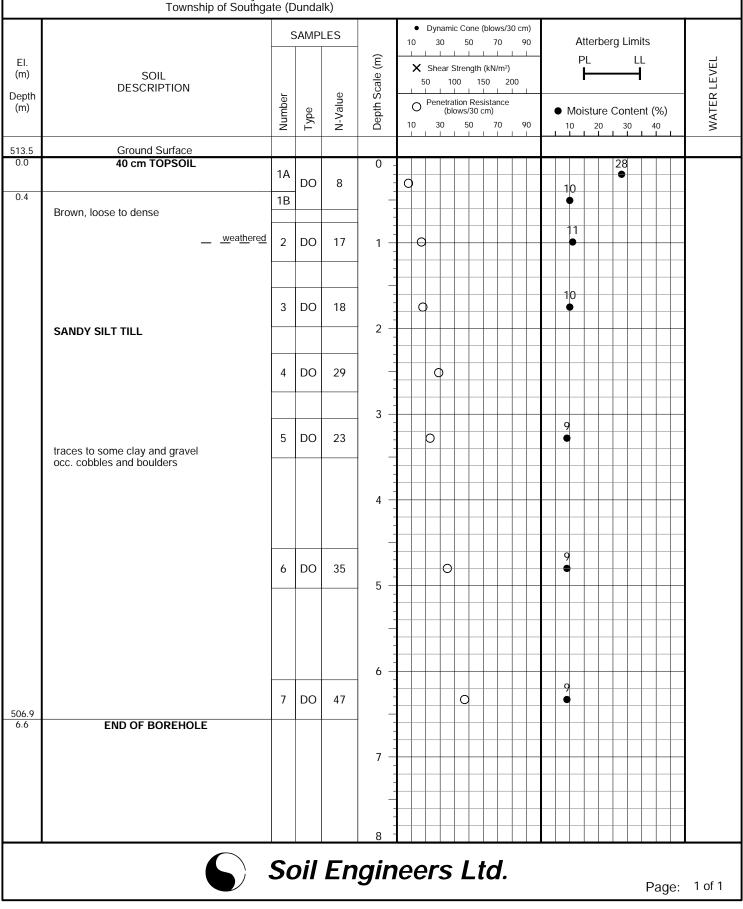
FIGURE NO .: 3

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

DRILLING DATE:	October 30, 2023
----------------	------------------



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 4

FIGURE NO .: 4

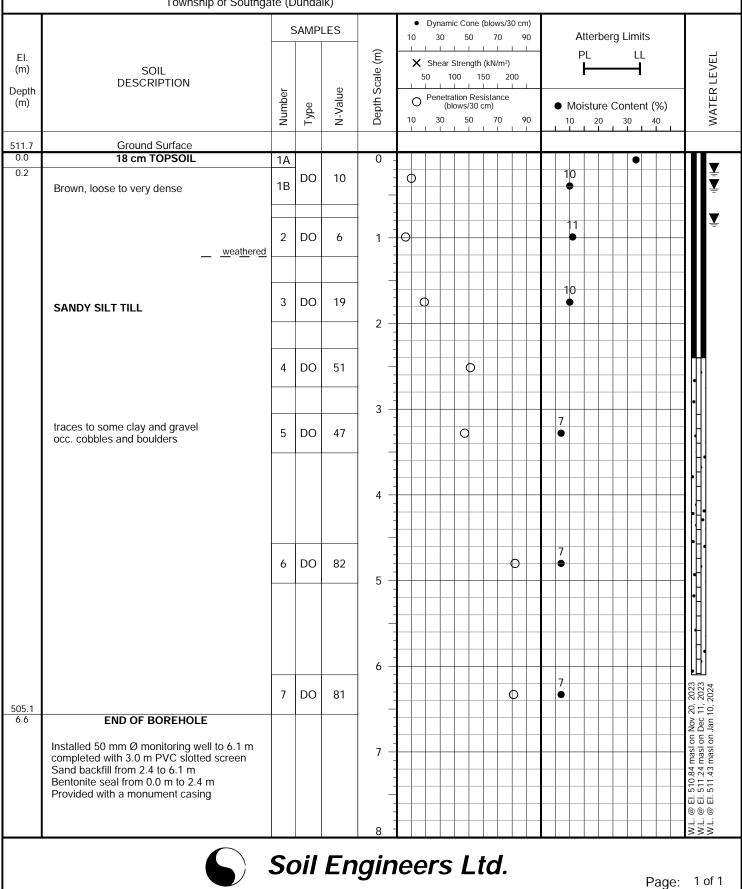
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE: October 31, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH 5

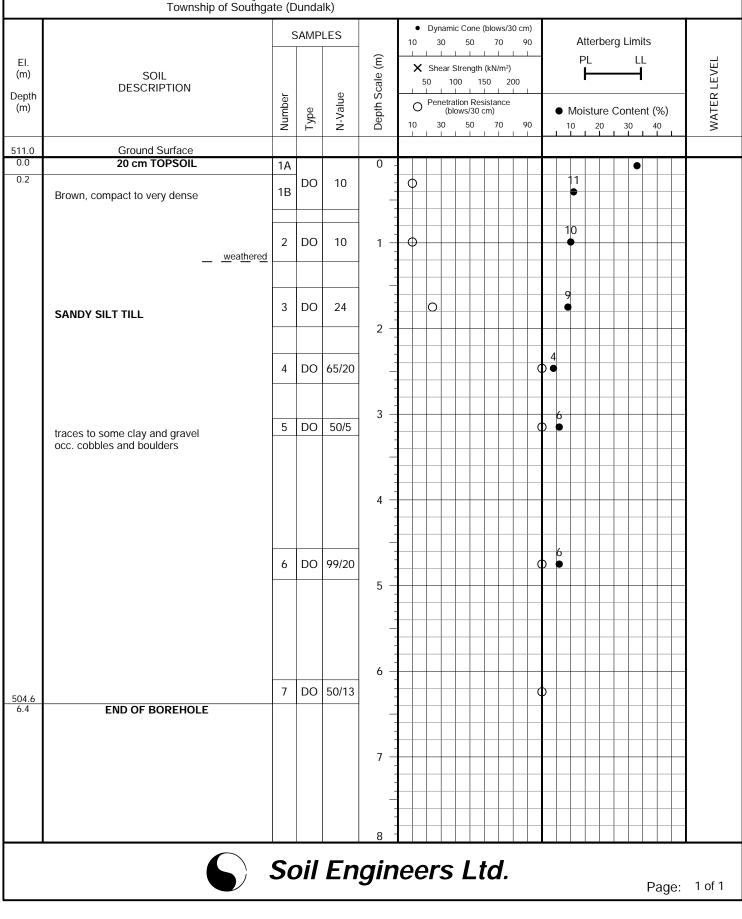
5 FIGURE NO .:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

DRILLING DATE: November 1, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 6

FIGURE NO .: 6

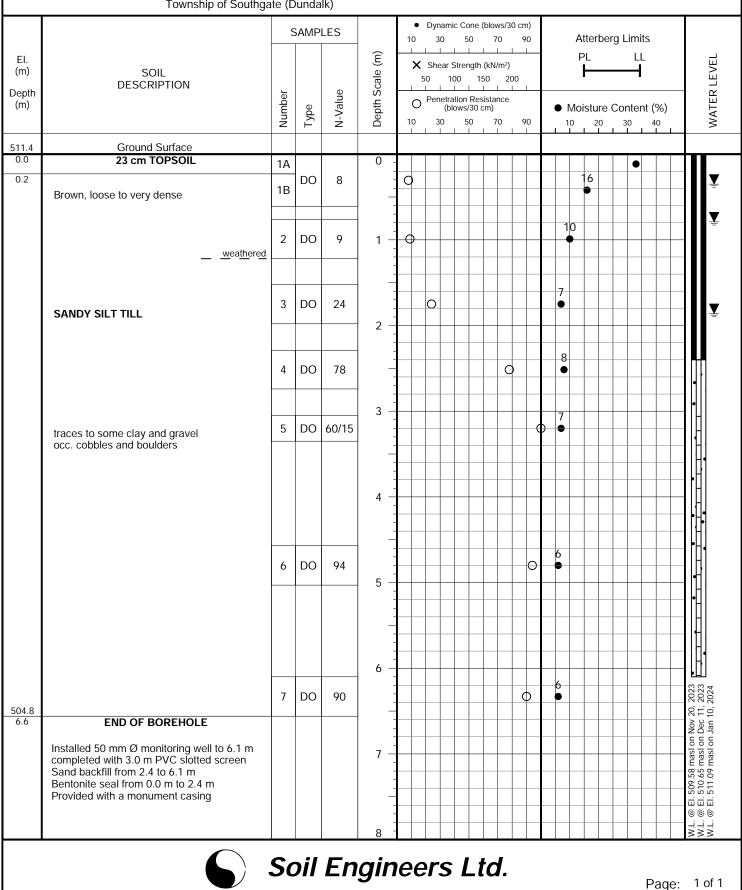
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE: November 1, 2023



PROJECT LOCATION:

LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH 7

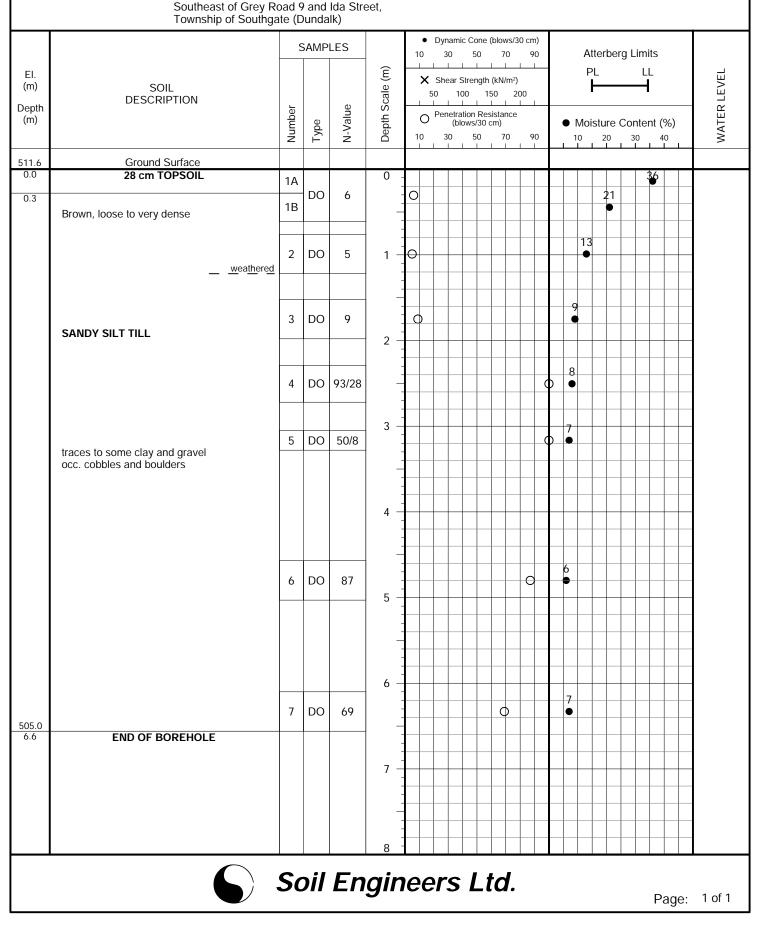
CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234

FIGURE NO.: 7

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

DRILLING DATE: November 1, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 8

FIGURE NO .: 8

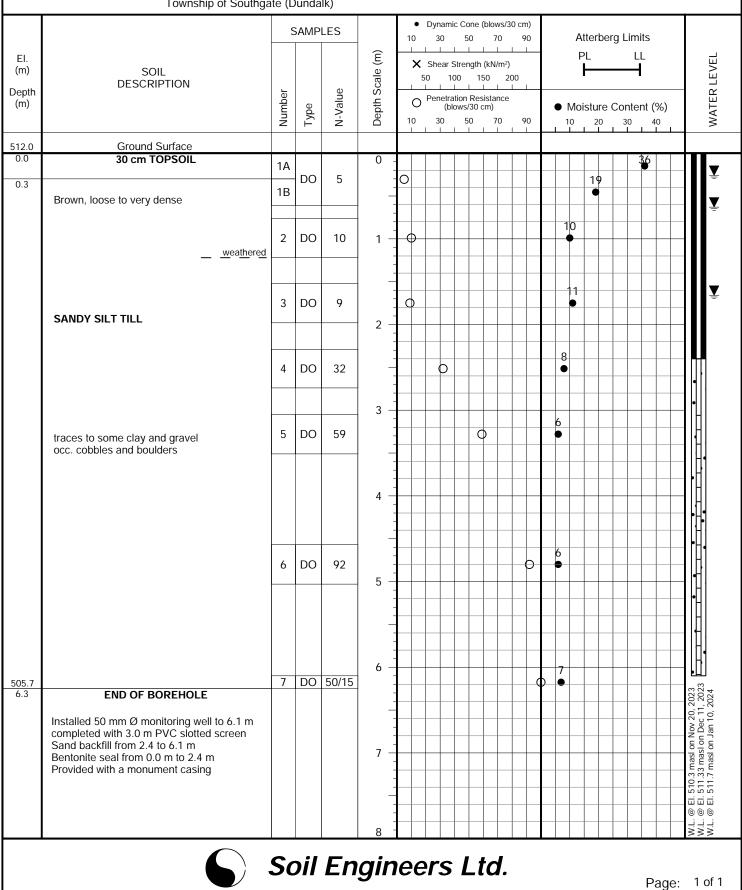
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE: November 2, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 9

FIGURE NO .: 9

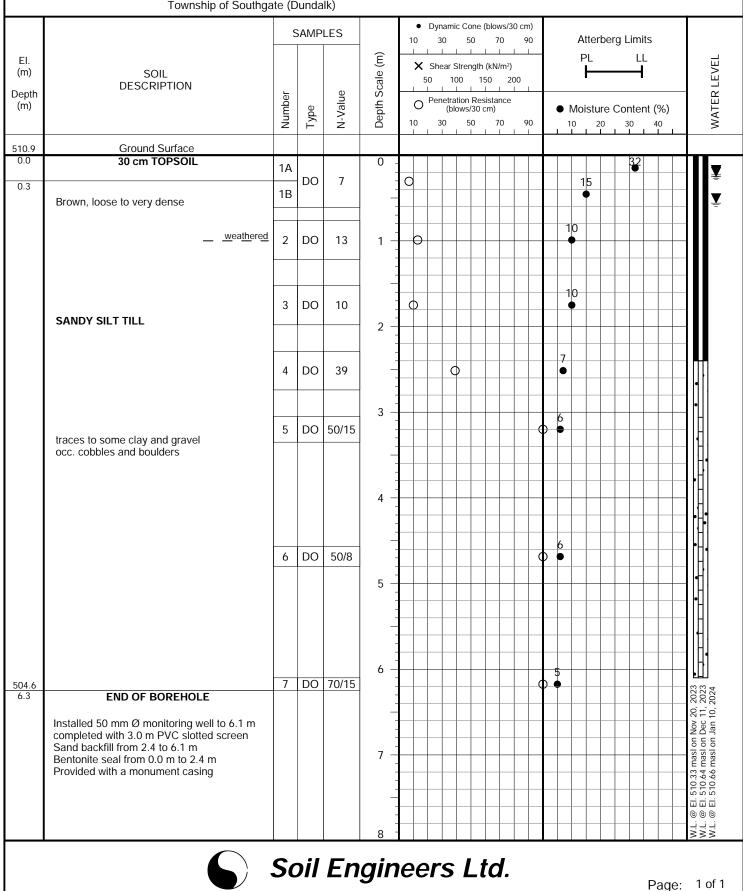
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE:	October 31, 2023
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LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH 10

10 FIGURE NO .:

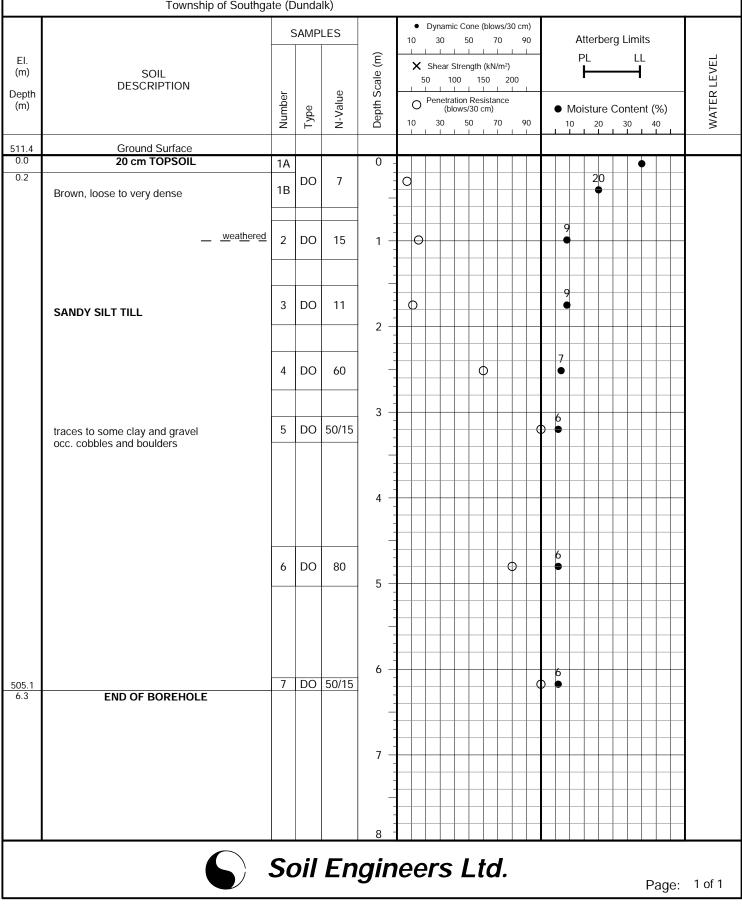
PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

DRILLING DATE: November 2, 2023



LOG OF BOREHOLE: BH/MW 11 FIGURE NO .:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION: Proposed Residential Development

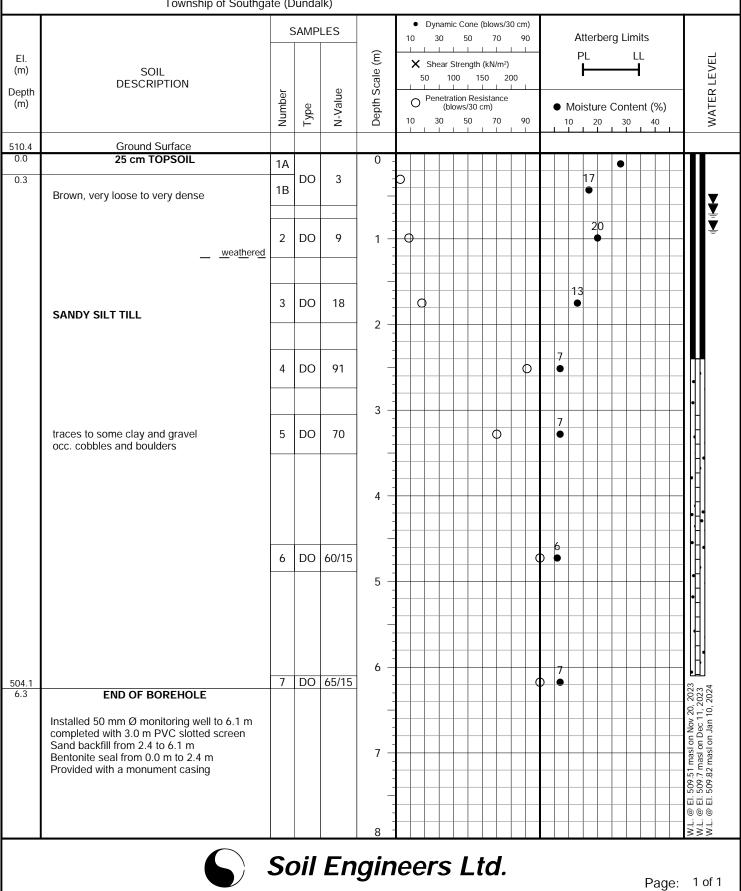
METHOD OF BORING: Hollow Stem Auger

11

PROJECT LOCATION: CON 2 SWTSR PT LOT 234 Southeast of Grey Road 9 and Ida Street,

Township of Southgate (Dundalk)

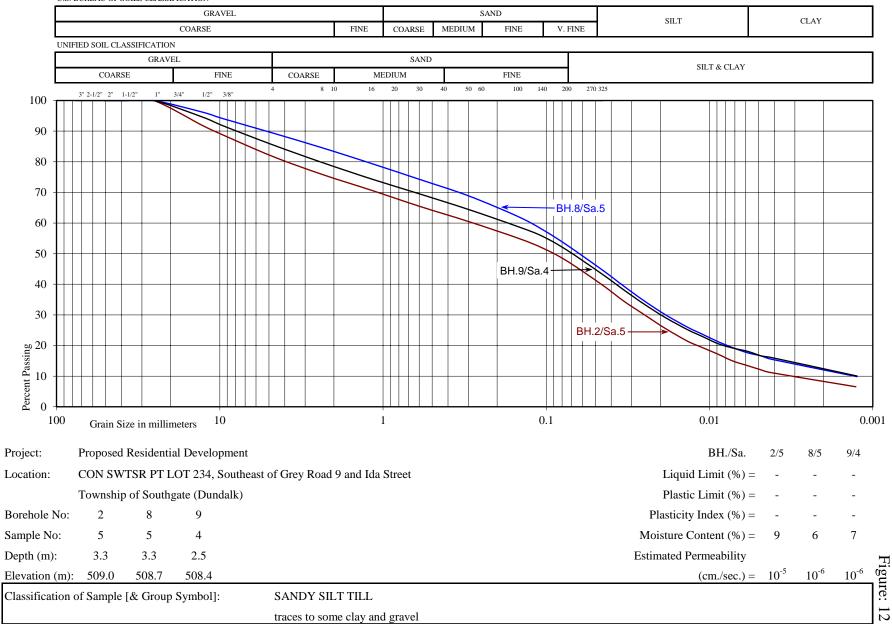
DRILLING DATE: October 31, 2023



GRAIN SIZE DISTRIBUTION

Reference No: 2310-W058

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APPENDIX 'B'

MECP WATER WELL RECORDS

MECP	Well	Records	Summary
------	------	---------	---------

					WELCP Well Records Summary Well Usage			Bottom of	
WELL	MECP* WWR	Construction Method	Well Depth	w en	Usage	Static Water	Top of Screen	Screen Depth	Date Completed
ID	ID	Construction Method	(m)**	Final Status	First Use	Level (m)**	Depth (m)**	(m)**	Date Completed
1	2500885	Cable Tool	47.9	Water Supply	Domestic	9.1	-	-	1955-10-03
2	2500893	Cable Tool	41.1	Water Supply	Domestic	10.7	-	-	1957-05-04
3	2500894	Cable Tool	46.6	Water Supply	Domestic	5.5	-	-	1957-07-19
4	2500899	Cable Tool	18.3	Water Supply	-	1.8	-	-	1967-01-14
5	2502014	Cable Tool	28.0	Water Supply	-	5.8	-	-	1962-03-08
6	2504173	-	29.0	Water Supply	-	4.6	-	-	1973-03-09
7	2505043	-	86.9	Water Supply	-	7.9	-	-	1975-03-18
8	2506053	Rotary (Convent.)	29.3	Water Supply	Domestic	7.0	-	-	1977-04-14
9	2506214	Rotary (Convent.)	29.0	Water Supply	Domestic	4.3	-	-	1977-09-08
10	2509476	Rotary (Convent.)	30.8	Water Supply	Domestic	8.5	-	-	1988-06-02
11	2510354	Rotary (Convent.)	25.9	Water Supply	Domestic	3.0	-	-	1989-11-27
12	2511484	Rotary (Air)	29.3	Water Supply	Domestic	8.5	-	-	1991-09-06
13	2515886	Rotary (Convent.)	31.1	Water Supply	Domestic	8.5	-	-	2003-11-21
14	2515887	Rotary (Convent.)	30.5	Water Supply	Domestic	8.5	-	-	2003-11-20
15	2516266	Other Method	5.5	Observation Wells	-	-	2.4	5.5	2004-10-23
16	2516364	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	-	-	2005-04-22
17	2516756	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	-	-	2005-10-12
18	7118914	Rotary (Convent.)	23.8	Water Supply	Domestic	4.9	-	-	2008-10-14
19	7140442	Other Method	-	Abandoned-Other	Other	1.1	-	-	2010-02-07
20	7140443	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	-	2010-02-07
21	7140444	-	-	-	-	1.2	-	-	2010-02-07
22	7140445	Other Method	-	-	Other	2.1	-	-	2010-02-07
23	7140450	Other Method	-	-	-	1.9	-	-	2010-02-07
24	7140451	-	-	-	-	1.1	-	-	2010-02-07
25	7140452	Other Method	-	Abandoned-Other	Other	3.3	-	-	2010-02-01
26	7168641	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2011-08-15
27	7175980	-	4.5	-	-	-	1.5	4.5	2012-01-11
28	7175982	-	4.5	-	-	-	1.5	4.5	2012-01-11
29	7175984	Boring	-	-	-	-	-	-	2012-01-11
30	7175981	Driving	4.5	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.5	2012-01-11
31	7175983	Driving	4.5	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.5	2012-01-11
32	7178933	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	-	-	2012-01-11
33	7179089	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2011-12-15
34	7190259	Rotary (Convent.)	5.4	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	2.4	5.4	2012-10-16
35	7190260	Rotary (Convent.)	42.0	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.2	2012-10-16
36	7190261	Driving	4.3	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.2	2012-10-16
37	7190262	Rotary (Convent.)	7.6	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	4.5	7.6	2012-10-16
38	7224832	-	6.1	-	-	-	3.0	6.1	2014-06-26
39	7240612	Driving	4.5	_	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.5	2015-04-21



WELL	MECP* WWR		Well Depth	Well Usage		Static Water Top of Screen		Bottom of	
ID	ID	Construction Method	(m)**	Final Status	First Use	Level (m)**	Depth (m)**	Screen Depth (m)**	Date Completed
40	7241221	Rotary (Convent.)	4.5	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.5	2015-04-29
41	7241222	Rotary (Convent.)	3.0	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	1.5	3.0	2015-04-29
42	7245541	-	1.4	Abandoned-Other	-	-	-	-	2015-07-09
43	7259065	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2015-08-20
44	7272334	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1900-01-00
45	7281370	Rotary (Convent.)	96.2	Water Supply	Municipal	7.5	-	-	2017-02-01
46	7308409	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2017-02-07
47	7332812	Boring	6.1	Monitoring and Test Hole	Monitoring	-	2.6	5.6	2018-07-20
48	7332813	Boring	4.6	-	Monitoring	-	1.5	4.6	2018-07-20
49	7332814	-	6.1	Monitoring and Test Hole	Monitoring	-	2.4	5.5	2018-07-20
50	7333654	-	-	Water Supply	Domestic	2.3	-	-	2019-05-16
51	7339338	Rotary (Convent.)	7.6	Observation Wells	Monitoring	-	4.6	7.6	2019-06-20
52	7361981	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	1.6	4.6	2020-06-03
53	7362026	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	6.1	7.6	2020-06-03
54	7362027	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	1.5	4.6	2020-06-03
55	7362028	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	3.7	6.7	2020-06-03
56	7362029	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	1.7	3.7	2020-06-03
57	7362030	-	-	Abandoned-Other	-	-	0.6	3.0	2020-06-03



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90 WEST BEAVER CREEK ROAD, SUITE 100, RICHMOND HILL, ONTARIO L4B 1E7 TEL: (416) 754-8515 FAX: (905) 881-8335

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ET M 0647 TEL: (7 8335 FAX: (1

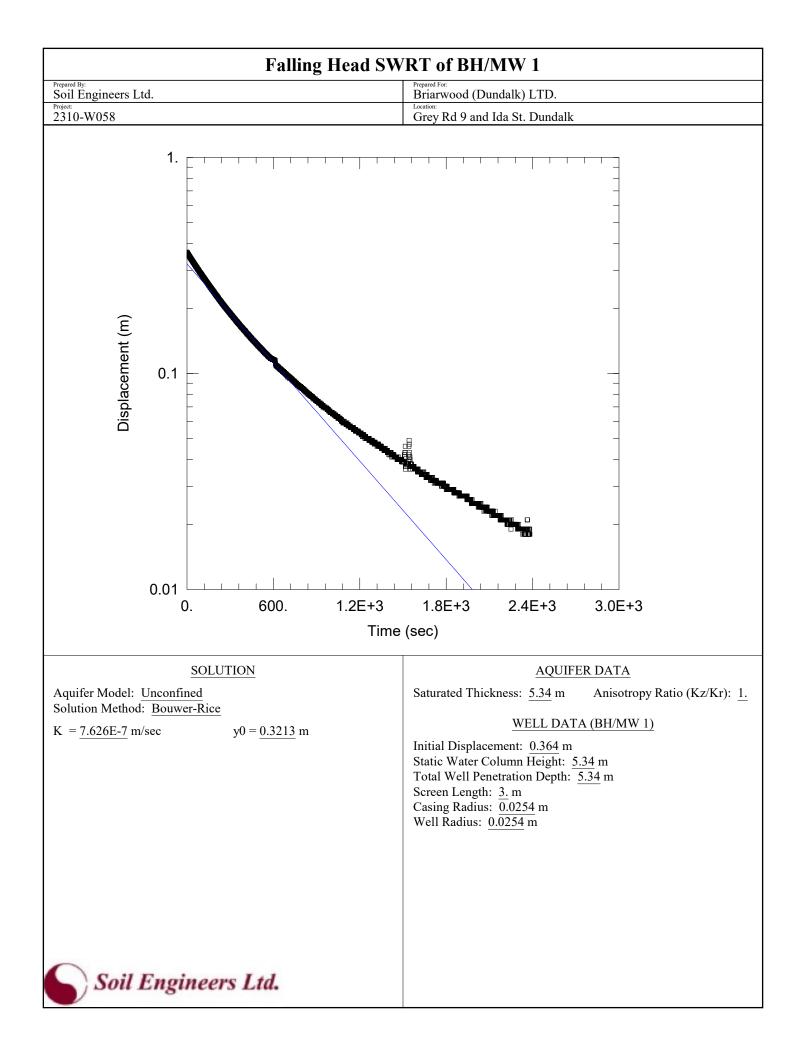
MUSKOKA HA TEL: (705) 684-4242 TEL: (9 FAX: (705) 684-8522 FAX: (9

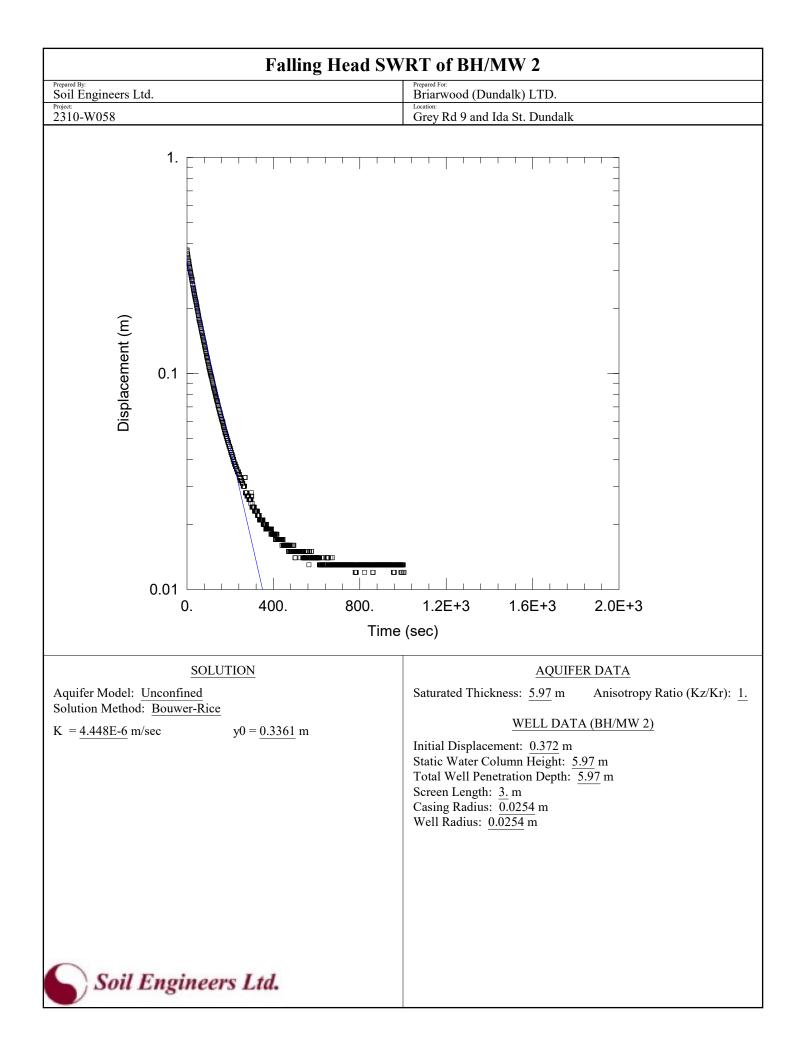
HAMILTON TEL: (905) 777-7956 FAX: (905) 542-2769

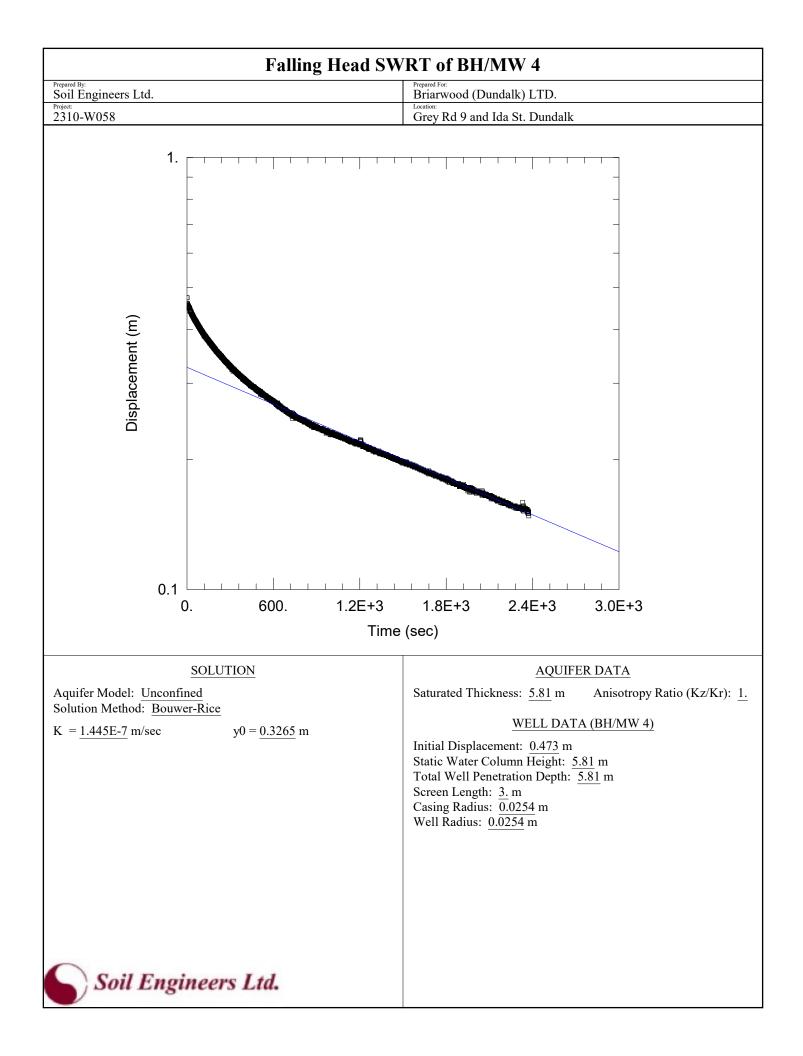
APPENDIX 'C'

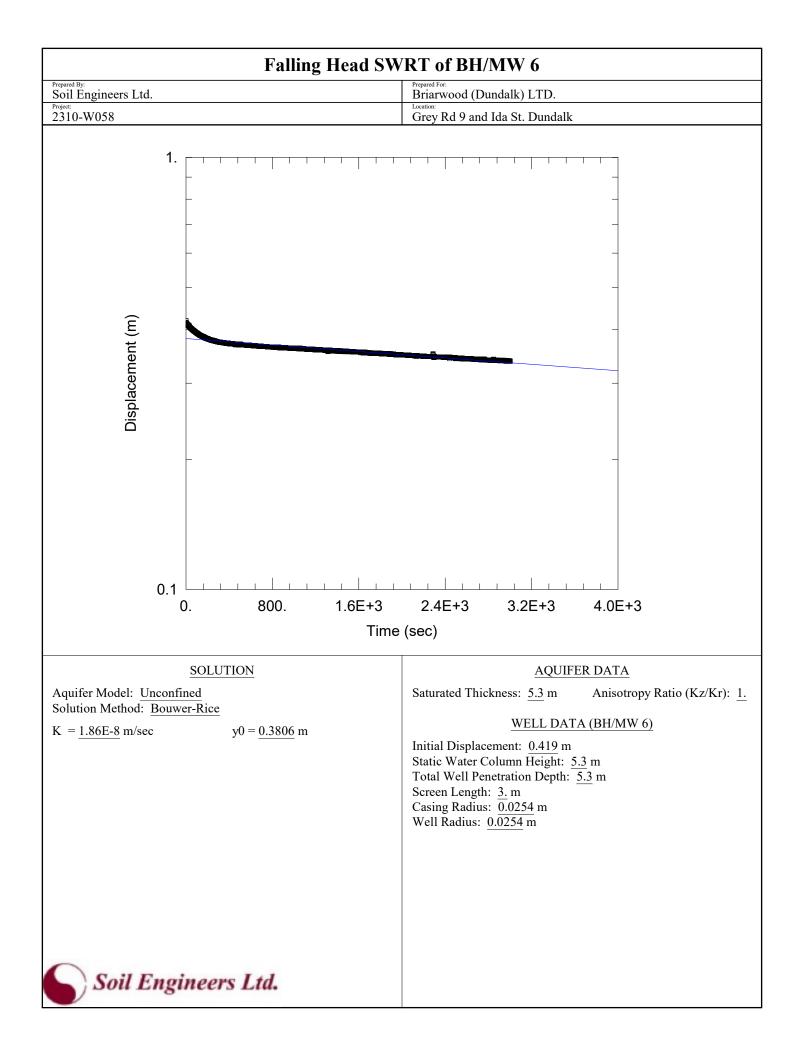
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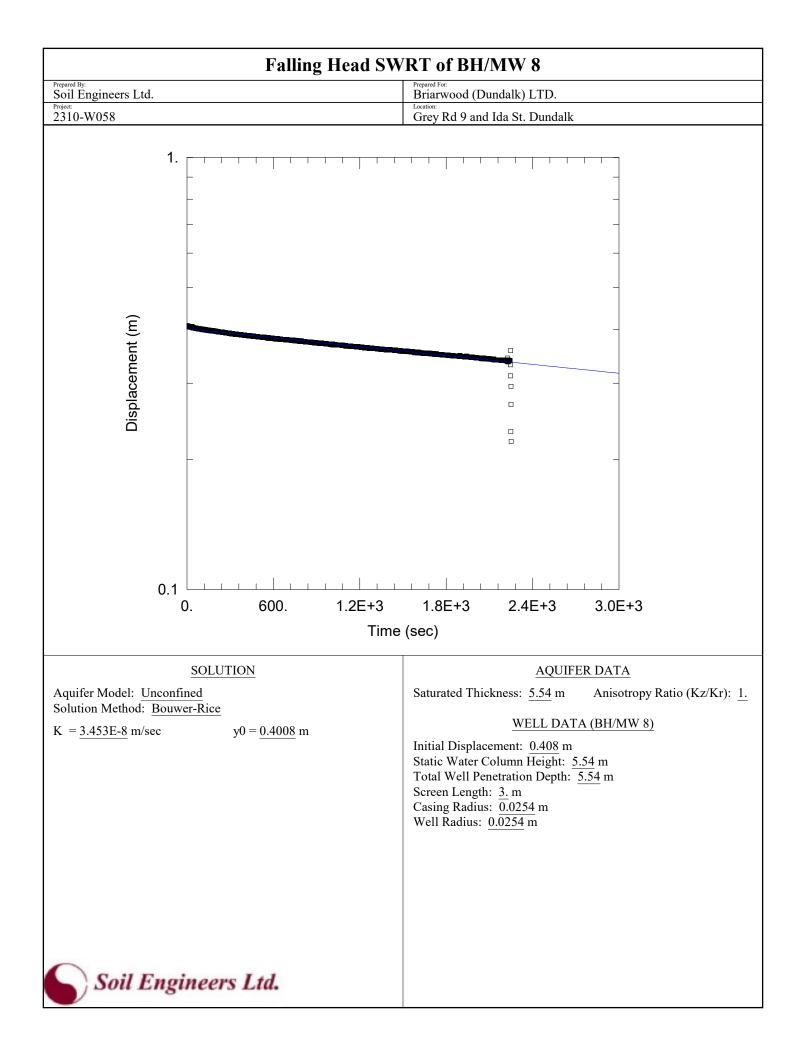
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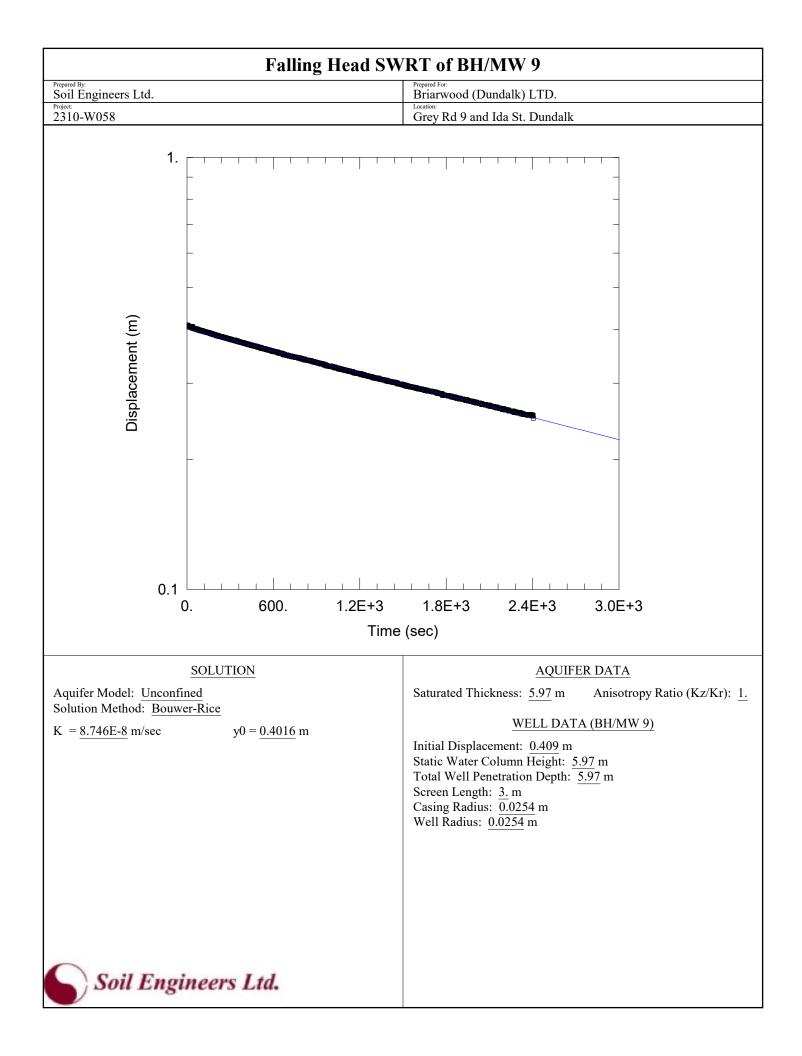


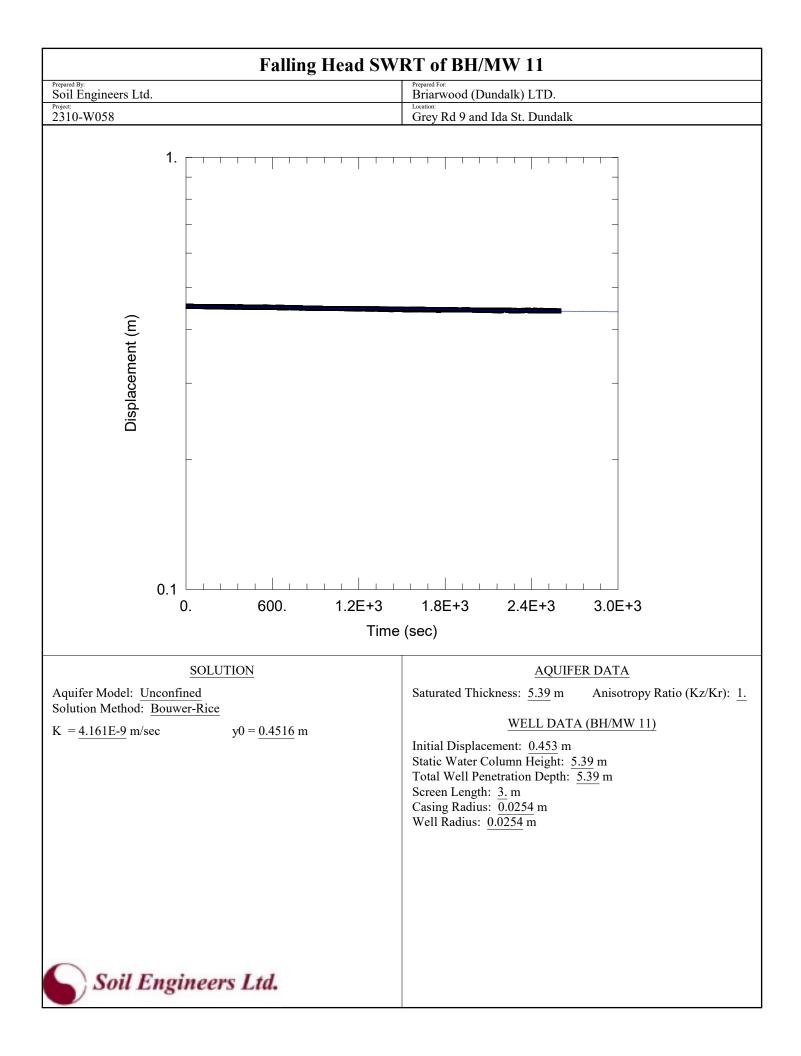














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APPENDIX 'D'

GROUNDWATER QUALITY TEST RESULTS





CA40050-JAN24 R1

2310-W058, Grey Road 9 and Ida Street, Township of Southgate, Dundalk

Prepared for

Soil Engineers Ltd.



First Page

CLIENT DETAILS		LABORATORY DETAILS	
Client	Soil Engineers Ltd.	Project Specialist	Brad Moore Hon. B.Sc
		Laboratory	SGS Canada Inc.
Address	90 West Beaver Creek Rd	Address	185 Concession St., Lakefield ON, K0L 2H0
	Richmond, ON		
	M1S 3A7. Canada		
Contact	Amar Deep Regmi	Telephone	705-652-2143
Telephone	437-771-6640	Facsimile	705-652-6365
Facsimile	416-754-8516	Email	brad.moore@sgs.com
Email	amardeep.regmi@soilengineersltd.com	SGS Reference	CA40050-JAN24
Project	2310-W058, Grey Road 9 and Ida Street, Township of Southga	Received	01/10/2024
Order Number		Approved	01/16/2024
Samples	Ground Water (1)	Report Number	CA40050-JAN24 R1
		Date Reported	01/16/2024

COMMENTS

RL - SGS Reporting Limit

Temperature of Sample upon Receipt: 8 degrees C Cooling Agent Present: Yes Custody Seal Present: Yes

Chain of Custody Number: 038147

BOD spike slightly high, accepted based on all other QC

SIGNATORIES



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QC Summary
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CA40050-JAN24 R1

Client: Soil Engineers Ltd.

Project: 2310-W058, Grey Road 9 and Ida Street, Township of Southgate, Du

Project Manager: Amar Deep Regmi

Samplers: Amar Deep Rejmi

MATRIX: WATER			s	ample Number	8
				Sample Name	BH/MW2
L1 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Sanitary a BL_13_2011	and Combined Sewer Dis	scharge -		Sample Matrix	Ground Water
L2 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Storm Ser	ewer Discharge - BL_13_2			Sample Date	10/01/2024
Parameter	Units	RL	L1	L2	Result
General Chemistry					
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5)	mg/L	2	300		< 4 ↑
Chemical Oxygen Demand	mg/L	8	600		< 8
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	as N mg/L	0.5	50		< 0.5
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	2	300	15	16
Metals and Inorganics					
Cyanide (total)	mg/L	0.01	1.2		< 0.01
Sulphide	mg/L	0.02	1		< 0.02
Arsenic (total)	mg/L	0.0002	1		< 0.0002
Cadmium (total)	mg/L	0.000003	0.7	0.001	0.000006
Chromium (total)	mg/L	0.00008	3	0.2	0.00035
Cobalt (total)	mg/L	0.000004	5		0.000081
Copper (total)	mg/L	0.0002	2	0.01	0.0011
Lead (total)	mg/L	0.00009	3	0.05	0.00021
Molybdenum (total)	mg/L	0.00004	5		0.00016
Nickel (total)	mg/L	0.0001	2	0.05	0.0004
Phosphorus (total)	mg/L	0.003	10		0.006
Selenium (total)	mg/L	0.00004	2		0.00021
Silver (total)	mg/L	0.00005	1		< 0.00005
Zinc (total)	mg/L	0.002		0.05	0.004



CA40050-JAN24 R1

Client: Soil Engineers Ltd.

Project: 2310-W058, Grey Road 9 and Ida Street, Township of Southgate, Du

Project Manager: Amar Deep Regmi

Samplers: Amar Deep Rejmi

MATRIX: WATER			Si	ample Number	8
				Sample Name	BH/MW2
L1 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Sanitary an	nd Combined Sewer Dis	scharge -		Sample Matrix	Ground Water
BL_13_2011					
L2 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Storm Sewer	er Discharge - BL_13_2	2011		Sample Date	10/01/2024
Parameter	Units	RL	L1	L2	Result
Microbiology					
Fecal Coliform	cfu/100mL	0		200	0
Oil and Grease			1		
Oil & Grease (total)	mg/L	2		100	< 2
				100	
Oil & Grease (animal/vegetable)	mg/L	4	150		< 4
Oil & Grease (mineral/synthetic)	mg/L	4	15		< 4
Other (ORP)					
рН	No unit	0.05	10.5	9	7.78
Mercury (total)	mg/L	0.00001	0.1	0.001	< 0.00001
PCBs					
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) - Total	mg/L	0.0001	0.004		< 0.0001
Phenols			1		
4AAP-Phenolics	mg/L	0.002	0.1		< 0.002



CA40050-JAN24 R1

Client: Soil Engineers Ltd.

Project: 2310-W058, Grey Road 9 and Ida Street, Township of Southgate, Du

Project Manager: Amar Deep Regmi

Samplers: Amar Deep Rejmi

MATRIX: WATER			Sa	mple Number	8
			s	Sample Name	BH/MW2
L1 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Sanitary an BL_13_2011	d Combined Sewer Dischar	rge -	S	Sample Matrix	Ground Water
L2 = SANSEW / WATER / Southgate Sewer Use - Storm Sewer	er Discharge - BL_13_2011			Sample Date	10/01/2024
Parameter	Units F	RL	L1	L2	Result
SVOCs					
Hexachlorobenzene	mg/L 0.	.0001	0.0001		< 0.0001
VOCs					
Chloroform	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.04		< 0.0005
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.05		< 0.0005
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.08		< 0.0005
Methylene Chloride	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.09		< 0.0005
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.06		< 0.0005
Tetrachloroethylene (perchloroethylene)	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.06		< 0.0005
Trichloroethylene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.05		< 0.0005
VOCs - BTEX				I	
Benzene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.01		< 0.0005
Ethylbenzene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.06		< 0.0005
Toluene	mg/L 0.	.0005	0.02		< 0.0005
Xylene (total)	mg/L 0.	.0005			< 0.0005
m-p-xylene	mg/L 0.	.0005			< 0.0005
o-xylene	mg/L 0.	.0005			< 0.0005



EXCEEDANCE SUMMARY

				SANSEW / WATER	SANSEW / WATE
				/ Southgate	/ Southgate
				Sewer Use -	Sewer Use - Stor
				Sanitary and	Sewer Discharge
				Combined Sewer	BL_13_2011
				Discharge -	
				BL_13_2011	
Parameter	Method	Units	Result	L1	L2



Biochemical Oxygen Demand

Method: SM 5210 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENVIEWL-LAK-AN-007

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Duplicate		LC	S/Spike Blank		Matrix Spike / Ref.		
Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)		
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD5)	BOD0017-JAN24	mg/L	2	< 2	13	30	93	70	130	134	70	130

Chemical Oxygen Demand

Method: HACH 8000 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVIEWL-LAK-AN-009

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Duplicate		LCS/Spike Blank			Matrix Spike / Ref.		
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC (%)	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)	
								Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Chemical Oxygen Demand	EWL0178-JAN24	mg/L	8	<8	ND	20	94	80	120	89	75	125

Cyanide by SFA

Method: SM 4500 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVISFA-LAK-AN-005

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Duj	plicate	LCS/Spike Blank			Matrix Spike / Ref.		
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)	
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Cyanide (total)	SKA0081-JAN24	mg/L	0.01	<0.01	ND	10	96	90	110	102	75	125



Mercury by CVAAS

Method: EPA 7471A/SM 3112B | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]SPE-LAK-AN-004

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LCS/Spike Blank		Matrix Spike / Ref.			
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)	
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Mercury (total)	EHG0020-JAN24	mg/L	0.00001	< 0.00001	ND	20	85	80	120	100	70	130



Metals in aqueous samples - ICP-MS

Method: SM 3030/EPA 200.8 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]SPE-LAK-AN-006

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LCS	S/Spike Blank		Ma	atrix Spike / Re	:
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC (%)	Spike Recovery (%)	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limits (%)	
								Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Silver (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.00005	<0.00005	ND	20	102	90	110	83	70	130
Arsenic (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0002	2	20	101	90	110	104	70	130
Cadmium (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.000003	<0.000003	7	20	104	90	110	103	70	130
Cobalt (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.000004	<0.000004	3	20	101	90	110	97	70	130
Chromium (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.00008	<0.00008	9	20	103	90	110	94	70	130
Copper (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.0002	<0.0002	2	20	101	90	110	81	70	130
Molybdenum (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.00004	<0.00004	2	20	98	90	110	100	70	130
Nickel (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.0001	<0.0001	2	20	102	90	110	99	70	130
Lead (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.00009	<0.00009	4	20	100	90	110	97	70	130
Phosphorus (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.003	<0.003	1	20	99	90	110	NV	70	130
Selenium (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.00004	<0.00004	0	20	103	90	110	109	70	130
Zinc (total)	EMS0094-JAN24	mg/L	0.002	<0.002	1	20	101	90	110	120	70	130



Microbiology

Method: SM 9222D | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENVIMIC-LAK-AN-004

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dupl	Duplicate Lo		LCS/Spike Blank			Matrix Spike / Ref.		
Reference	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike	Recovery Limits (%)		Spike Recovery	Recovery Limit		
					(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High		
Fecal Coliform	BAC9164-JAN24	cfu/100mL	-	ACCEPTED	ACCEPTE								
					D								

Oil & Grease

Method: MOE E3401 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVIGC-LAK-AN-019

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LC	S/Spike Blank		M	atrix Spike / Re	f.
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ory Limits %)	Spike Recovery		ery Limits %)
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Oil & Grease (total)	GCM0121-JAN24	mg/L	2	<2	NSS	20	104	75	125			



Oil & Grease-AV/MS

Method: MOE E3401/SM 5520F | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]GC-LAK-AN-019

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LC	S/Spike Blank		M	atrix Spike / Re	əf.
	Reference		Blank RPD	RPD	AC	Spike	Recovei (۹	•	Spike Recovery		ery Limits %)	
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Oil & Grease (animal/vegetable)	GCM0121-JAN24	mg/L	4	< 4	NSS	20	NA	70	130			
Oil & Grease (mineral/synthetic)	GCM0121-JAN24	mg/L	4	< 4	NSS	20	NA	70	130			

рΗ

Method: SM 4500 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]EWL-LAK-AN-006

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		м	atrix Spike / Ref	
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike	Recove	ry Limits %)	Spike Recovery	Recover (9	-
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	(%)	High
рН	EWL0187-JAN24	No unit	0.05	NA	1		100			NA		

Phenols by SFA

Method: SM 5530B-D | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]SFA-LAK-AN-006

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		M	latrix Spike / Ref	
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ery Limits %)	Spike Recovery	Recover	•
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
4AAP-Phenolics	SKA0101-JAN24	mg/L	0.002	<0.002	ND	10	103	80	120	112	75	125



Polychlorinated Biphenyls

Method: MOE E3400/EPA 8082A | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]GC-LAK-AN-001

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LC	S/Spike Blank		м	atrix Spike / Re	f.
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ery Limits %)	Spike Recovery		ery Limits %)
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs) - Total	GCM0131-JAN24	mg/L	0.0001	<0.0001	NSS	30	94	60	140	NSS	60	140

Semi-Volatile Organics

Method: EPA 3510C/8270D | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVIGC-LAK-AN-005

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Duj	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		м	atrix Spike / Ref	
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ery Limits %)	Spike Recovery	Recover	-
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Hexachlorobenzene	GCM0137-JAN24	mg/L	0.0001	< 0.0001	NSS	30	93	50	140	NSS	50	140

Sulphide by SFA

Method: SM 4500 | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVISFA-LAK-AN-008

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		M	atrix Spike / Ref	:
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC Spike (%) Recovery	-		ry Limits %)	Spike Recovery	Recover	•
						(%)	(%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Sulphide	SKA0096-JAN24	mg/L	0.02	<0.02	ND	20	110	80	120	NA	75	125



Suspended Solids

Method: SM 2540D | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENV]EWL-LAK-AN-004

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		м	atrix Spike / Re	ıf.
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ery Limits %)	Spike Recovery		ery Limits %)
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Total Suspended Solids	EWL0188-JAN24	mg/L	2	< 2	1	10	94	90	110	NA		

Total Nitrogen

Method: SM 4500-N C/4500-NO3- F | Internal ref.: ME-CA-IENVISFA-LAK-AN-002

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Duj	olicate	LC	S/Spike Blank		м	atrix Spike / Ref	r.
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC	Spike		ery Limits %)	Spike Recovery	Recove	ry Limits %)
						(%)	Recovery (%)	Low	High	(%)	Low	High
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	SKA0087-JAN24	as N mg/L	0.5	<0.5	4	10	105	90	110	97	75	125



Volatile Organics

Method: EPA 5030B/8260C | Internal ref.: ME-CA-[ENVIGC-LAK-AN-004

Parameter	QC batch	Units	RL	Method	Dup	licate	LC	S/Spike Blank		Ma	atrix Spike / Ref	•
	Reference			Blank	RPD	AC (%)	Spike Recovery	Recover (%	6) 	Spike Recovery (%)	(9	ry Limits %)
							(%)	Low	High	,	Low	High
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	85	60	130	102	50	140
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	86	60	130	95	50	140
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	86	60	130	96	50	140
Benzene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	90	60	130	99	50	140
Chloroform	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	90	60	130	99	50	140
Ethylbenzene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	88	60	130	97	50	140
m-p-xylene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	86	60	130	95	50	140
Methylene Chloride	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	92	60	130	100	50	140
o-xylene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	89	60	130	101	50	140
Tetrachloroethylene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	88	60	130	98	50	140
(perchloroethylene)												
Toluene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	90	60	130	101	50	140
Trichloroethylene	GCM0122-JAN24	mg/L	0.0005	<0.0005	ND	30	91	60	130	96	50	140



QC SUMMARY

Method Blank: a blank matrix that is carried through the entire analytical procedure. Used to assess laboratory contamination.

Duplicate: Paired analysis of a separate portion of the same sample that is carried through the entire analytical procedure. Used to evaluate measurement precision.

LCS/Spike Blank: Laboratory control sample or spike blank refer to a blank matrix to which a known amount of analyte has been added. Used to evaluate analyte recovery and laboratory accuracy without sample matrix effects.

Matrix Spike: A sample to which a known amount of the analyte of interest has been added. Used to evaluate laboratory accuracy with sample matrix effects.

Reference Material: a material or substance matrix matched to the samples that contains a known amount of the analyte of interest. A reference material may be used in place of a matrix spike.

RL: Reporting limit

RPD: Relative percent difference

AC: Acceptance criteria

Multielement Scan Qualifier: as the number of analytes in a scan increases, so does the chance of a limit exceedance by random chance as opposed to a real method problem. Thus, in multielement scans, for the LCS and matrix spike, up to 10% of the analytes may exceed the quoted limits by up to 10% absolute and the spike is considered acceptable.

Duplicate Qualifier: for duplicates as the measured result approaches the RL, the uncertainty associated with the value increases dramatically, thus duplicate acceptance limits apply only where the average of the two duplicates is greater than five times the RL. Matrix Spike Qualifier: for matrix spikes, as the concentration of the native analyte increases, the uncertainty of the matrix spike recovery increases. Thus, the matrix spike acceptance limits apply only when the concentration of the matrix spike is greater than or equal to the concentration of the native analyte.



LEGEND

FOOTNOTES

NSS Insufficient sample for analysis.

- RL Reporting Limit.
 - ↑ Reporting limit raised.
 - ↓ Reporting limit lowered.
 - NA The sample was not analysed for this analyte
 - ND Non Detect

Results relate only to the sample tested.

Data reported represent the sample as submitted to SGS. Solid samples expressed on a dry weight basis.

"Temperature Upon Receipt" is representative of the whole shipment and may not reflect the temperature of individual samples.

Analysis conducted on samples submitted pursuant to or as part of Reg. 153/04, are in accordance to the "Protocol for Analytical Methods Used in the Assessment of Properties under Part XV.1 of the Environmental Protection Act and Excess Soil Quality" published by the Ministry and dated March 9, 2004 as amended.

SGS provides criteria information (such as regulatory or guideline limits and summary of limit exceedances) as a service. Every attempt is made to ensure the criteria information in this report is accurate and current, however, it is not guaranteed. Comparison to the most current criteria is the responsibility of the client and SGS assumes no responsibility for the accuracy of the criteria levels indicated.

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This report supersedes all previous versions.

-- End of Analytical Report --

Page of		LAB LINS (CA 4-0050-JA)	8L	- 1 5 1 - 64-4	and Ide har	date of the	hry holidays & weekends). begins next business day		ON MUST BE SUBMITTED				COMMENTO:															Pink Copy - Client	Yellow & White Copy - SGS	this form or be retained on file in
				0	Site Location/ID: Gred Koad	TAT) REQUIRED TOWN DUNG ON ON ON	TAT's are quoted in business days (excrede statutory holidays & weekends). Samples received after 6pm or on weekends: TAT begins next business day	3 Days 4 Days	NOTE: DRINKING (POTABLE) WATER SAUMINGYON HUMAN CONSUMPTION MUST BE SUBMITTED		Other (please specify) SPLP TCLP	on Pkg	ij6zi	Dioxane Dioxane DOCP														1 24 (mm/dd/yy)	1 24 (mm/dd/yy)	for completion of work. Signatures may appear on
onment 0361		Type: JCe		P.O.#:	Site	TURNAROUND TIME (TAT) REQUIRED	TAT's al Sample	C Day 2 Days 3	*NOTE: DRINKING (POTABLE) WAT	ANALYSIS REQUESTED			ιθηο Υ	F1-F4 only or BTEX only BTEX only Organochlorine or specif Organochlorine or specif														Date: 01 110	Date: 01 / 10	of samples to SGS is considered authorization
52-2000 Fax: 705-652-6365 Web: www.sgs.com/environme 519-672-4500 Toll Free: 877-848-8060 Fax: 519-672-0361	Laboratory Information Section - Lab use only	Cooling Agent Present: Year (%)	0	Quotation #:	of#: 2310 - W058		Regular TAT (5-7days)	RUSH TAT (Additional Charges May Apply): 	PLEASE CONFIRM RUSH FEASIBILIT WITH Specify Due Date:		M&I SVOC PCB P		vs),ec	Refairs & Inorg Fried Cvir, Cwiller Philler Full medic Cvir, Cwiller Full medic Cvir, Cwiller Cit, Ma-waller Croic Curph, Morkals Croic Curph, Morkals Croic Curph, Morkals Croic Curph, Morkals SYOCS Sundor Struct Croic Curph, Morkals Croic Conther Morkals																lection/handling and transportation of samples. [2] Submission of samples to SGS is considered authorization for completion of work. Signatures may appear on this form or be relationed on file in
eld, ON KOL 2H0 Phone: 705-652-21 London ON N6F 2S8 Phone: 519-		Custody Seal Present: Yes No Custody Seal Intact: Yes No	DRMATION		Project #:			RUS	Spec		Courar Ru-Lawr	Municipality:		BOTTLES MATRIX Field Filtered (16 GW													Signature:	Signature:	en provided direction on sample sediection
afield: 185 Concession St., Lakefield, ON KOL 2H0 Phone: 705-6 - London: 657 Consortium Court London, ON, N6F 2S8 Phone:	- condon, our ourionnam ourig condan, our		INVOICE INFORMATION	Keame as Report Information)	Company:	Contact:	Address:		Phone:	REGULATIONS	Other Beaulatione.	Cuter regulations. Reg 347/558 (3 Day min TAT) PWQO MMER CCME Other: MISA Other: ODWS Not Reportable *See note	YES NO	DATE TIME SAMPLED SAMPLED	er 120 24 1:00						A CONTRACT OF A				Revelation and			etui	ermi	Note: Submission of samples to SGS is acknowledgement that you have been provided direction on sample wi
Judustries & Environment - Lakefield: 185 Concession St., Lakefield, ON KOL 2H0 Phone: 705-652-2000 Fax: 705-652-6365 Web: www.sgs.com/environment -1 onder: 657 Consortium Court London: ON NKE 258 Phone: 519-677-4500 Toll Free: 877-848-8060 Fax: 519-672-0361	Baralisad Rur Dett Ferr	Received Date: 01 / 10 / 2024 (mm/dd/yy) Received Time: 1 : (hr: min)	EPORT INFORMATIC	company. Scil Ewineen 14.	Contact Amar Deep Reymi	Address: 30 West Beaver	. Richmi	144-464	For amoudage internet		O Per 153/04	Res/Pari/O	RECORD OF SITE CONDITION (RSC)	SAMPLE IDENTIFICATION	1 BH/MW 2	2	3	4	0	9	7	8	6	10	11	12	Observations/Comments/Special Instructions	Sampled By (NAME): Amor Deep Re	Relinquished by (NAME): An on Dep Q	Revision #: 1.7 Note: Submission of samples to SGS



Soil Engineers Ltd.

GEOTECHNICAL • ENVIRONMENTAL • HYDROGEOLOGICAL • BUILDING SCIENCE

90 WEST BEAVER CREEK ROAD, SUITE 100, RICHMOND HILL, ONTARIO L4B 1E7 · TEL: (416) 754-8515 · FAX: (905) 881-8335

BARRIE TEL: (705) 721-7863 FAX: (705) 721-7864

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OSHAWA NEWMARKET TEL: (905) 440-2040 TEL: (905) 853-0647 FAX: (905) 725-1315 FAX: (905) 881-8335

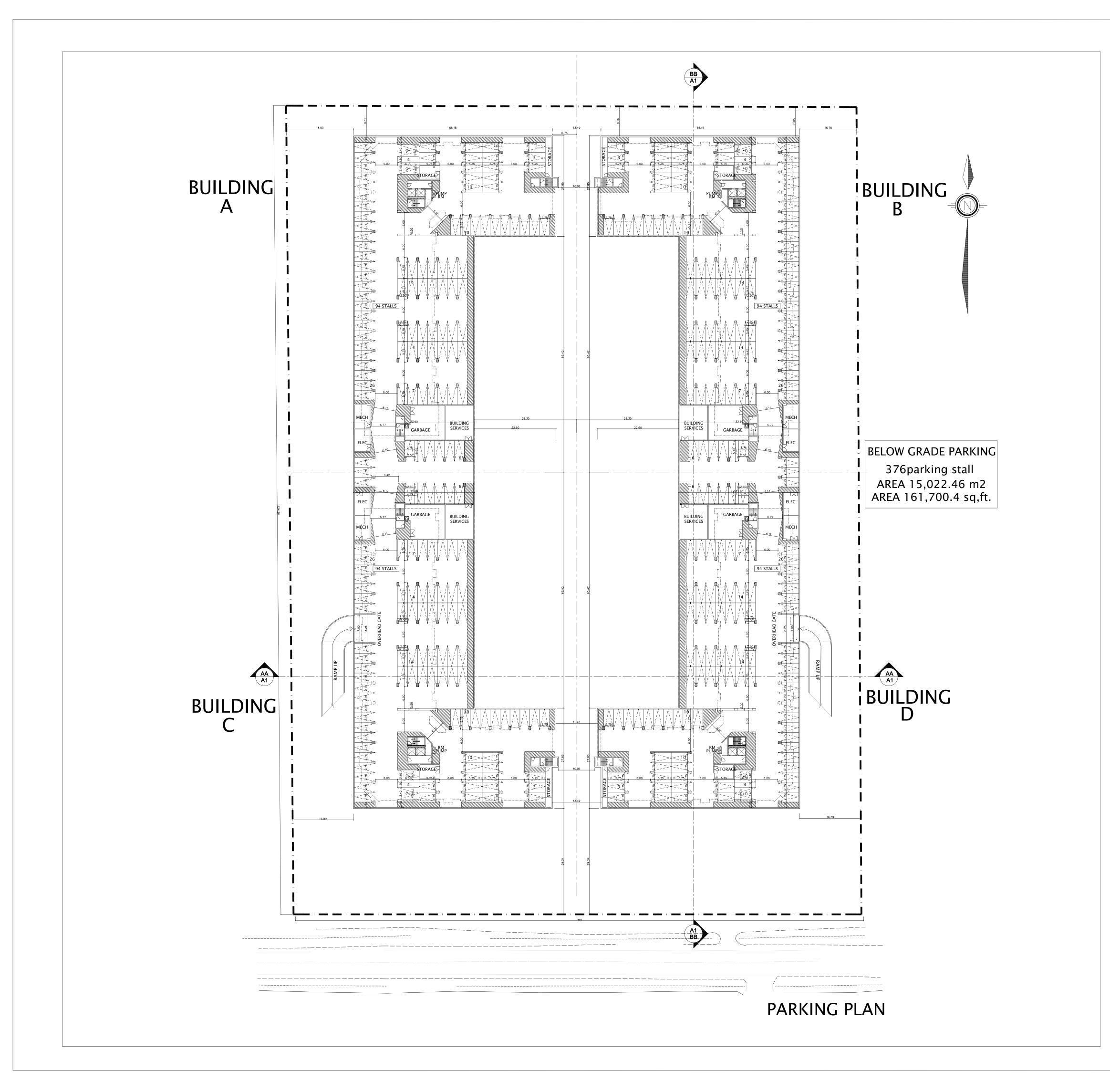
MUSKOKA TEL: (705) 684-4242 FAX: (705) 684-8522

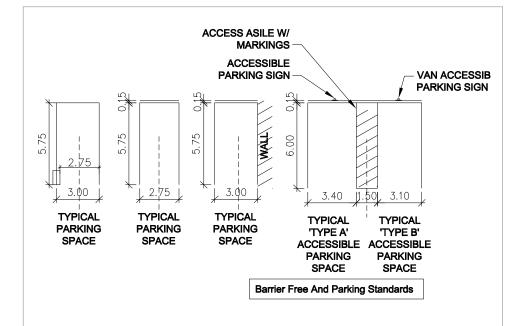
HAMILTON TEL: (905) 777-7956 FAX: (905) 542-2769

APPENDIX 'E'

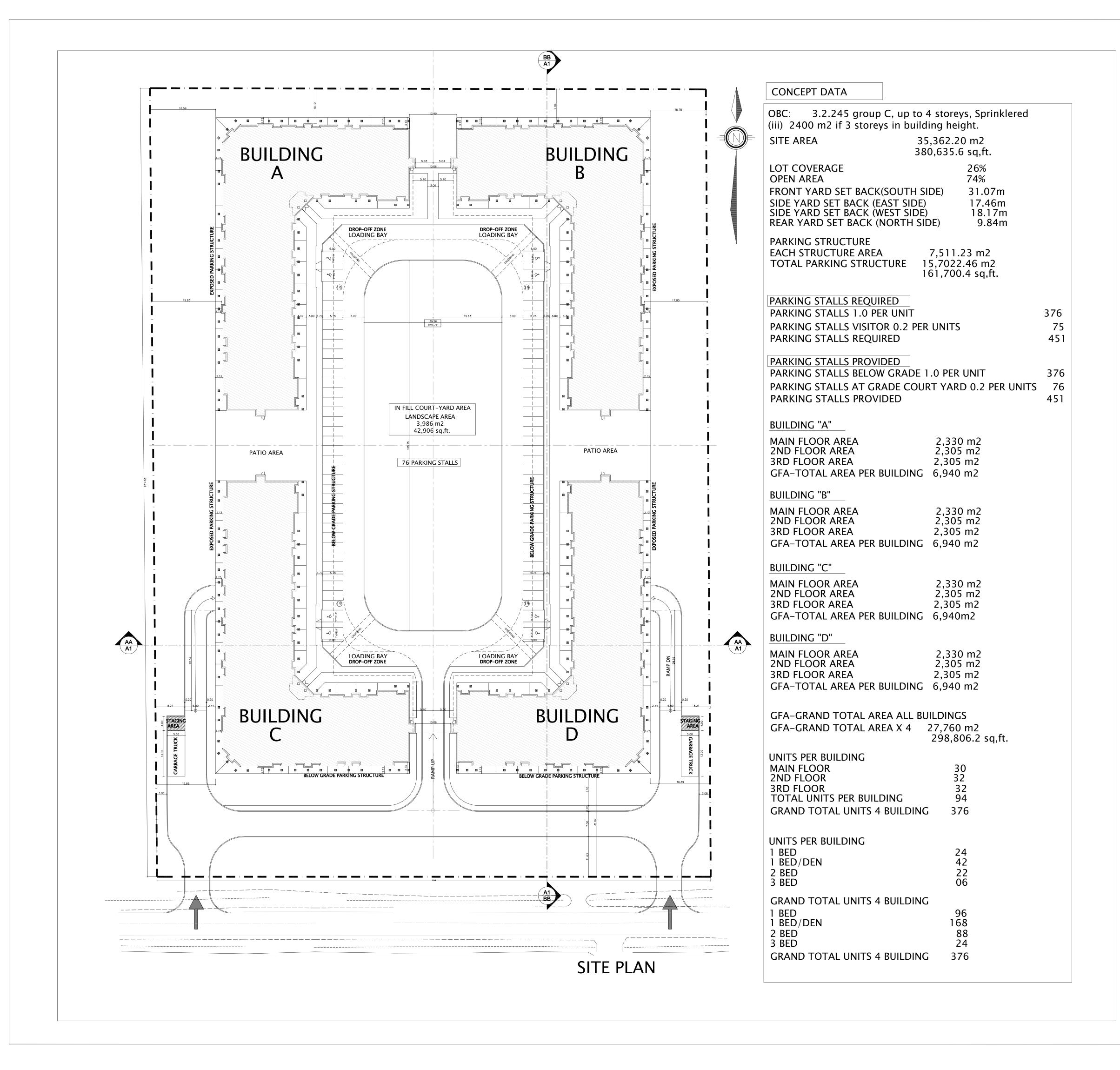
SHORT-TERM AND LONG-TERM DEWATERING FLOW RATES AND REVIEWED PLANS

REFERNCE NO. 2310-W058





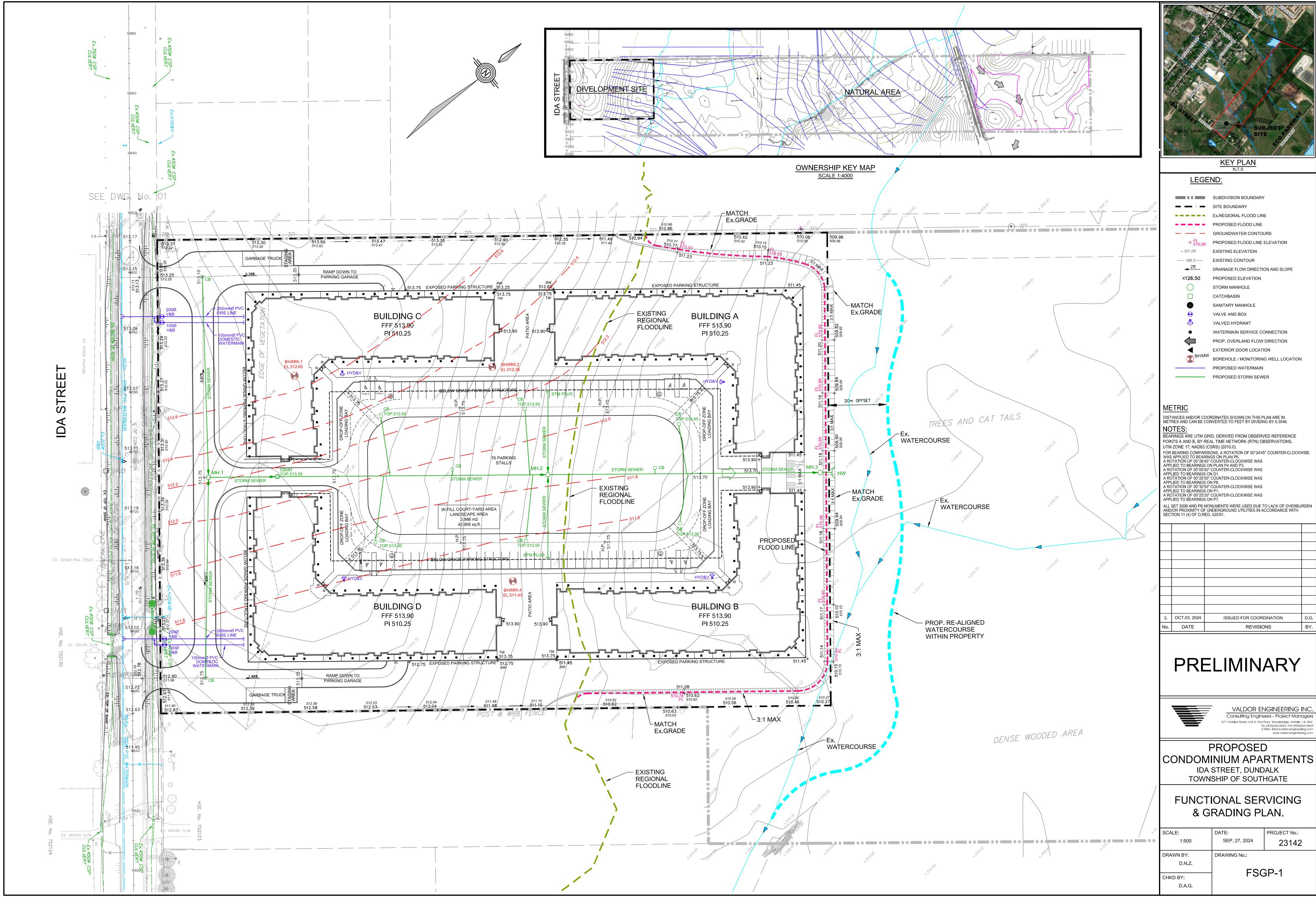
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2	ISSUED FOR CLIENT	AND CONSULTANT REV	/IEW		june 27, 2024	SA
1		AND CONSULTANT REV	/IEW		june 02, 2024	SA
No.	Description				Date	Rev.
	DUNDA	ALK CONCEPT		ELEVATION:	Drawing No	
	PAR	KING PLAN			^{∎D:} NE 27,202	24
PROJEC	CT #:	MARKETING NAME:	C0 C A			
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416)848-0991 F:(416)860-61 INFO@SCARCHITECTS.CA 60 RANDALL DRIVE SUITE 10 AJAX, ONTARIO L1S 6L3

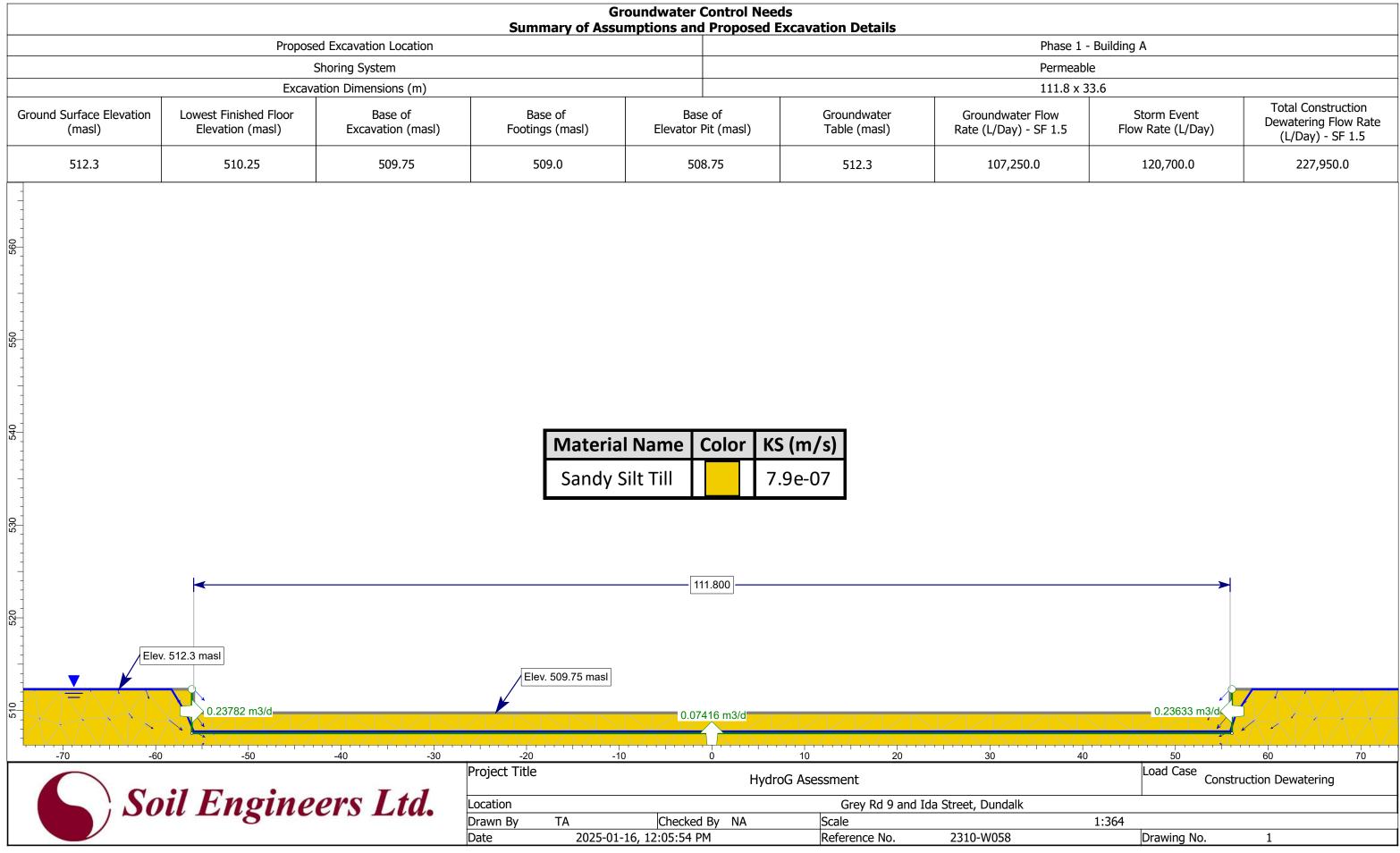
1:500



	SITE BOUNDARY
	Ex.REGIONAL FLOOD LINE
	PROPOSED FLOOD LINE
	GROUNDWATER CONTOURS
+ <i>FL</i> 510.90	PROPOSED FLOOD LINE ELEVATION
1.08	EXISTING ELEVATION
88.5	EXISTING CONTOUR
2%	DRAINAGE FLOW DIRECTION AND SLOPE
26.50	PROPOSED ELEVATION
С	STORM MANHOLE
	CATCHBASIN
0	SANITARY MANHOLE
0	VALVE AND BOX
Ô	VALVED HYDRANT
•	WATERMAIN SERVICE CONNECTION
	PROP. OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
	EXTERIOR DOOR LOCATION
BH/MW	BOREHOLE / MONITORING WELL LOCATION
	PROPOSED WATERMAIN

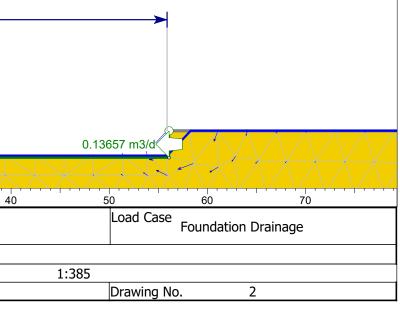
3.	OCT.03, 2024	ISSUED FOR COORDINATION	D.G.
No.	DATE	REVISIONS	BY.

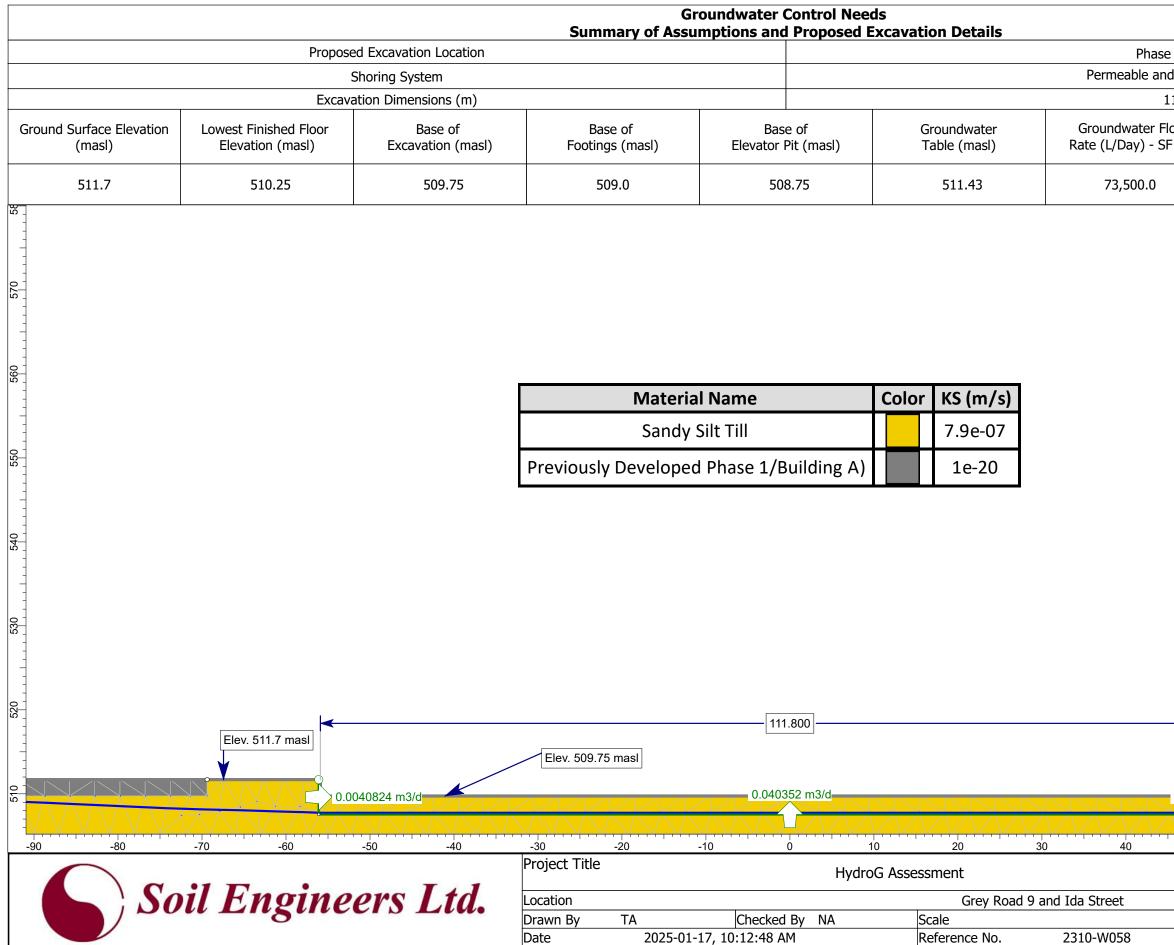
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DRAWN BY:	DRAWING No.:	
D.N.Z.		
	FSC	
CHKD BY:	F30	
D.A.G.		



Phase 1 -	Phase 1 - Building A								
Permeabl	Permeable								
111.8 x 3	3.6								
low F 1.5	Storm Event Flow Rate (L/Day)	Total Construction Dewatering Flow Rate (L/Day) - SF 1.5							
	120,700.0	227,950.0							

		Summary of A	Groundwater Control Needs ssumptions and Proposed Exca	vation Details		
	Proposed Excavation Location				Phase 1 - Building A	
	Shoring System				Permeable	
	Excavation Dimensions (m)				111.8 x 33.6	
Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Lowest Finished Floor Elevation (masl)	Base of Drainage Layer (masl)	GroundWater Table (masl)	Groundwater flow rate L/Day - SF 1.5	Storm Event Flow Rate L/Day	Total Construction Dewatering Flow Rate (L/Day) - SF 1.5
512.3	510.25	509.75	512.3	64,950.0	3,900.0	68,850.0
			rial Name Color KS y Silt Till 7.9	<mark>(m/s)</mark> 9e-07		
Elev. 512.3 masl	<		111.800		>	
		Elev. 509.75 masl			>	
Elev. 512.3 masl	 0.13658 m3/d 	Elev. 509.75 masl	0.1048 m3/d		0.13657 m3/d	
			0.1048 m3/d			
		-30 -20 -	0.1048 m3/d 	20 30	40 50	
	-50 -40	-30 -20 - Project Title	0.1048 m3/d 	20 30 Asessment		
		-30 -20 - Project Title	0.1048 m3/d 		40 50 Load Case	2





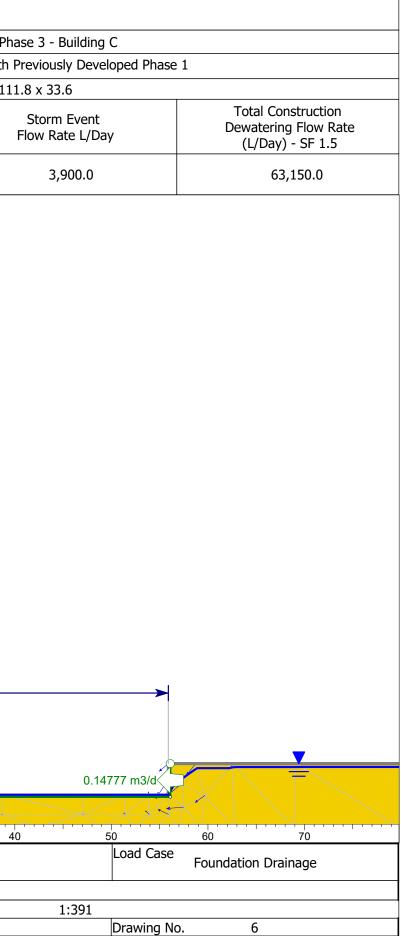
2 - Buil		lanad Dhasa 1			
		oped Phase 1			
1.8 x 33 ow 1.5	9	Storm Event v Rate (L/Day)	Dewa	al Construction atering Flow R /Day) - SF 1.5	ate
		120,700.0		194,200.0	
	2				
0.18455	5 m3/d	\times \times \times \times	X X X		$\left \right\rangle$
50		60 7	70	80	90
		Load Case	struction De		
		<u> </u>			
	1.450			-	

1:450		
	Drawing No.	3

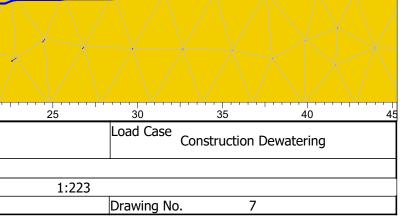
			Su		Groundwater Cont sumptions and Pro		tion Details					
	Proposed	Excavation Location							Phase 2 - B	Building B		
	Shoring System							Perm	eable and Previo	ously Developed Phase	e 1	
	Excavatio	on Dimensions (m)							111.8 x 33.	6		
Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Lowest Finished Elevation (ma		Base of rainage Layer (ma	asl)	GroundWate Table (masl		Groundwate rate L/Day -		Storm Flow Ra		Total Construc Dewatering Flov (L/Day) - SF	Flow Rate
511.7	510.25		509.75		511.43		42,150.0)	3,9	900.0	46,050.0	0
	Elev. 511.7 masl			Sandy ly Develope	ial Name y Silt Till ed Phase 1/Buil	ding A)	KS (m/s) 7.9e-07 1e-20					
		∑1.1185e-10 m3/d	Ele	ev. 509.75 masl	0.04726 n	13/d			0.10296 m3/d≦			
			KKK	KKKK	KKKŔ							
-90 -80	-70 -60	-50 -40	-30	-20	-10 0	10	20	30 40	50	60 70 Load Case	80	90
	-		Project Title			HydroG As	sessment				Foundation Drainage	:
Soil	Enginee	ers Ltd.	Location				Grey Road	9 and Ida Street		I		
	0		Drawn By	ТА	Checked By -17, 10:12:48 AM	NA	Scale Reference No.	2310-W058		:483 Drawing No.		

Material Name Color KS (m/s) Sandy Silt Till 7.9e-07 Previously Developed Phase 1/Building A 1e-20					roundwater Control Need				
Storing System Permedia and Periody Dovelaged Place I Storing System The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Conduction Of Point Note (Sws1) The set of The Note (Sws1) The set of The Note (Sws1) The set of The Note (Sws1) The Sws1(The Note (Sws1) The Note (Sws1) The Sws1(The Note (Sws1) The Note (Sws1) The Note (Sws1) The Note (Sws1) The Note (Sws1) 312.0 310.25 319.75 309.0 308.75 312.65 393.50.0 120,700.0 200,280.0 20		Propose	ed Excavation Location	Summary of ASS			Phase 3 -	Building C	
Ground Sartice: Elevator (mail) Lower Frished Row Beastor (mail) Beast of Excession (mail) Beast of Possign (mail) Beast of Table (mail) Groundwater Frier Role: (USay): SF 1.5 Bonn Exect Pow Rate (UDay) December of December		5	Shoring System						
Material Name Color KS (m/2) Developing (max) Excession (max)		Excava	ation Dimensions (m)				111.8 x 33	3.6	
Material Name Color K5 (m/s) Sandy SIX Till 7 9e 47 Previously Developed Phase 1/Building A 1 ae 20 Image: Solid Engineers Ltd. Previously Developed Phase By MA See 50 9 and 1da Street									Dewatering Flow Rate
Material Name Color K5 (m/s) Sandy Sik Till 7.9e-07 Previously Developed Phase 1/Building A 1e-20 Image: Sist meal 0.0004 30 model Image: Sist meal 0	513.0	510.25	509.75	509.0	508.75	512.65	89,550.0	120,700.0	210,250.0
Elev. 513 masl 0.030513 m3/d 0.030513 m3/d 0.030513 m3/d 0.030513 m3/d 0.030513 m3/d 0.0276 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.030513 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.0204439 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.0204439 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.0204439 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.020513 m3/d 0.2276 m3/d 0.02076 m3/d 0.02076 m3/d 0.02276 m3/d 0.02076 m3/	540 570 560 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 570 57			Sa	indy Silt Till	7.9e-07			
Lev. 509.75 masl 0.0024439 m3/d 0.0024439 m3	520				111.800				
Project Title HydroG Assessment Load Case Construction Dewatering Soil Engineers Ltd. Location Grey Road 9 and Ida Street Item 1:450								m3/d	
Soil Engineers Ltd. Location Grey Road 9 and Ida Street Drawn By TA Checked By NA Scale 1:450	-90 -80	-70 -60	-50 -40				30 40 50	Load Case	
			T . 1		Hydro	G Assessment		Const	ruction Dewatering
	So	u Engine	ers Ltd.						
		0							

Proposed Exervation Location Premulable with Termatable with Table (mast) Permutable with Termatable with Termatable with Table (mast) Count/Water Termatable with Termatable with Table (mast) Ground/vater flow of the Ubay - 57 1.5 Interval Ground Surface Elevation (mast) Lowest Finished Floor Drainage Layer (mast) Ground/Vater Table (mast) Grou			Summarv of	Groundwater Control Need Assumptions and Proposed Ex		
Excavation Omensions (m) 111 Ground Surface Elevation (masi) Lowest Finished Floor Elevation (masi) Drainage Layer (masi) Table (masi) Groundwater Table (masi) Groundwater Groundwater Table (masi) Groundwater Groundwater Solution Groundwater Table (masi) Groundwater Groundwater Solution Groundwater Table (masi) Groundwater Groundwater Solution Groundwater Table (masi) Table (masi) 8 Sandy Silt Till T 2.90 T 2.90 T 1.00 T 1.00 1125800 cd moded do Table (masi) T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 1125800 cd moded do T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 1125800 cd moded do T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1.00 T 1		Proposed Excavation Loc				Pha
Ground Surface Elevation (mas) Lowest Enished Floor Elevation (mas) Drainage Layor (mas) GroundWater Table (mas) Groundwater Table (mas) Groundwater Table (mas) 513.0 510.25 509.75 512.65 59,250.0 0 6 0 509.75 512.65 59,250.0 0 7 0 0 7.96.07 1 7.96.07 8 0 0 7.96.07 1 1 2.90.0 9 0 0 0 7.96.07 1 1 2.90.0 9 0		Shoring System			Pe	ermeable with P
(mast) Devalue (mast) Drainage Layer (mast) Table (mast) rate L/Day - 52 1.5 1 513.0 510.25 509.75 512.65 59,250.0 5 9		Excavation Dimensions	(m)			111
Material Name Color KS (m/ s) B Material Name Color KS (m/ s) Sandy Silt Till 7.9e-07 Previously Developed Phase 1/ Building A 11-20 B 11220e-20 m3d 0.065139 m3d 0 11220e-20 m3d 0.065139 m3d 11220e-20 m3d 0.06						F
Material Name Color KS (m/s) Sandy Silt Till 7.9e.07 Previously Developed Phase 1/ 1e.20 Building A 1e.20 Previously Developed Phase 1/ 1e.20 Soil Engineers Ltd. Project Title HydroG Assessment Grey Road 9 and Ida Street Down By TA Checked By NA	513.0	510.25	509.75	512.65	59,250.0	
Soil Engineers Ltd. Project Title HydroG Assessment Location Grey Road 9 and Ida Street Drawn By TA Checked By NA	029 029 029 029 029 029 029 029 029 029	1.2249e-06 m3/d	Previous 9.75 masl	Sandy Silt Till sly Developed Phase 1/ Building A 111.800 0.065139 m3/d	color s) 7.9e-07 1e-20	40
Soil Engineers Ltd. Location Grey Road 9 and Ida Street	-/0 -6	ou -50 -40				40
Brain By Interfection By Interfection	Soil	Engineers Lt	d. Location		Grey Road 9 and Ida S	Street
		0	Brann By			-\\/058



				roundwater Control Need umptions and Proposed E				
	Proposer	d Excavation Location	Summary of ASS			Phase 4 -	Building D	
	S	horing System				Permeable and Previous	sly Developed Phases 2 and	3
	Excava	tion Dimensions (m)				111.8 x 3	3.6	1
Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Lowest Finished Floor Elevation (masl)	Base of Excavation (masl)	Base of Footings (masl)	Base of Elevator Pit (masl)	Groundwater Table (masl)	Groundwater Flow Rate (L/Day) - SF 1.5	Storm Event Flow Rate (L/Day)	Total Construction Dewatering Flow Rate (L/Day) - SF 1.5
513.0	510.25	509.75	509.0	508.75	512.65	87,300.0	120,700.0	208,000.0
			N	lame	S (m/ s) 7.9e- 07			
-		-		33.600				
	Elev. 51	3 masl						
			Elev. 509.	75 masl 0.058525 m3/d	0.230	85 m3/d		
	-35 -30	-25 -20	-15 -10	-5 0	5 10	15 20 2		35 40
-45 -40		1						
			Project Title	Hydro	G Assessment		Load Case Const	ruction Dewatering
	il Engine	ers Ltd.	Project Title 	Hydro Checked By NA		d Ida Street, Dundalk	1:223	



		Summary	Groundwater Control Needs of Assumptions and Proposed Exca	vation Details		
	Proposed Excavation Lo				Phase 4 - Building D	
	Shoring System				Permeable and Previously Develope	d Phases 2 and 3
	Excavation Dimensions	(m)		1	111.8 x 33.6	
Ground Surface Elevation (masl)	Lowest Finished Floor Elevation (masl)	Base of Drainage Layer (masl)	GroundWater Table (masl)	Groundwater flow rate L/Day - SF 1.5	Storm Event Flow Rate L/Day	Total Construction Dewatering Flow Rate (L/Day) - SF 1.5
513.0	510.25	509.75	512.65	64,200.0	3,900.0	68,100.0
	Elev. 513 masl	0.13385 m3/d	Material Name Color KS (m) Sandy Silt Till 7.9e-0 33.600	07 0.095252 m3/d		
-40 -35	-30 -25 -20	-is -io Project Title				ad Case
			HydroG /	Assessment		Foundation Drainage
Soil	Engineers Li	d. Location		Grey Road 9 and Ida Stre		
		Brann By Int	Checked By NA	Scale	1:215	
		Date 20	025-01-17, 11:18:02 AM	Reference No. 23	10-W058 Dra	awing No. 8

